

STIC Search Report Biotech-Chem Library

STIC Database Tracking Number Comments

TO: Ben Sackey Location: 5c31/5c18

Art Unit: 1626

Thursday, June 16, 2005

Case Serial Number: 10/625558

From: Noble Jarrell

Location: Biotech-Chem Library

Rem 1B71

Phone: 272-2556

Noble.jarrell@uspto.gov

Search Notes			
-			
			•
		·	
,			



Access DB#___156428

ah

SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Scientific and Technical Information Center

Requester's Full Name: BEN Art Unit: 1636 Phone N Mail Box and Bldg/Room Location	SACICET Jumber 302 -0704 1: 164 5 831 Resu	Examiner #: 73484 Date: 6/13/05 Serial Number: 10/625 558 Its Format Preferred (circle): PAPER DISK E-MAIL	
If more than one search is subm	itted, please prioritiz	e searches in order of need.	
Include the elected species or structures, k utility of the invention. Define any terms known. Please attach a copy of the cover s	eywords, synonyms, acrony that may have a special mea heet, pertinent claims, and a	•	
Title of Invention: Process for	Renedict	ovation of Naproxene netoxyalkyl al.	
Inventors (please provide full names):	seriaini et	a(·	
Earliest Priority Filing Date: 2/	27/00.		
For Sequence Searches Only Please includ appropriate serial number.	le all pertinent information (p	arent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers) along with the	
•••	oster of 2-Co	5)-(6-methoxy-2-noghthy) propionic acid	1
•			
**********	******	********	
STAFF USE ONLY Searcher: NOBLE	Type of Search	Vendors and cost where applicable	
Searcher:OBCE	NA Sequence (#)	STN	
Searcher Phone #:	AA Sequence (#)	Dialog	
Searcher Location:	Structure (#)	Questel/Orbit	
Date Searcher Picked Up:	Bibliographic	Dr.Link	
Date Completed.	Litigation	Lexis/Nexis	
Searcher Prep & Review Time:	Fulltext	Sequence Systems	
Clerical Pren Time:	Patent Family	WWW/Internet	

Other (specify)_

Online Time: __

=> b reg
FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:55:46 ON 16 JUN 2005
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 15 JUN 2005 HIGHEST RN 852355-71-6
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 15 JUN 2005 HIGHEST RN 852355-71-6

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 18, 2005

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

=> d ide 15 tot

- L5 ANSWER 1 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- RN 170591-17-0 REGISTRY
- ED Entered STN: 23 Nov 1995
- CN 2-Naphthaleneacetic acid, 6-methoxy-α-methyl-, 4-(nitrooxy)butyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- FS 3D CONCORD
- MF C18 H21 N O6
- SR CA
- LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, PROUSDDR, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

- 9 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
- 9 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
- L5 ANSWER 2 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- RN 163133-43-5 REGISTRY
- ED Entered STN: 19 May 1995

```
2-Naphthaleneacetic acid, 6-methoxy-a-methyl-, 4-(nitrooxy)butyl
CN
     ester, (as) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     2-Naphthaleneacetic acid, 6-methoxy-\alpha-methyl-, 4-(nitrooxy)butyl
     ester, (S)-
OTHER NAMES:
CN
     (S)-2-(6-Methoxy-2-naphthyl)propanoic acid 4-nitrooxybutyl ester
     AZD 3582
CN
     HCT 3012
CN
CN
     Nitronaproxen
     STEREOSEARCH
FS
MF
     C18 H21 N O6
SR
     CA
LC
     STN Files:
                 ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CIN,
```

EMBASE, IMSDRUGNEWS, IMSRESEARCH, PHAR, PROMT, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry.

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

25 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
26 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

=> d his full

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:52:31 ON 16 JUN 2005)

	FILE 'REG	ISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:53:24 ON 16 JUN 2005
L1	65	6 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON C18H21NO6
L2		QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON (PMS OR MAN OR IDS)/CI OR UNSPECIFIED OR
		COMPD OR COMPOUND OR (D OR T)/ELS
L3	64	2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L1 NOT L2
L4		6 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L3 AND C6-C6/ES AND NR=2
	_	D STR TOT
		SEL RN L4 7-8
L5		2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (163133-43-5/BI OR 170591-17-0/BI) AND L4
		D IDE L5 TOT
		3 352 25 355
	FILE 'HCA	PLUS' ENTERED AT 09:55:59 ON 16 JUN 2005
L6	4	O SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L5 OR 2 (1A) (NAPHTHALENEACET? OR NAPHTH?
		(1A) ACET?) (1A) 6 (1A) METHOX? (1A) METHYL (1A) ((NITROOXY OR
	t	NITROXY) (1A) BUTYL OR NITROXYBUT? OR NITROXYBUT?) (1A) ESTER?
		OR AZD3582 OR HCT3012 OR NITRONAPROXEN#
L7		8 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON METHOX?(1A)NAPHTH? (1A)PROPAN?(1A)ACID?
		(1A) ((NITROOXY OR NITROXY) (1A) BUTYL OR NITROXYBUT? OR NITROOXYB
		UT?) (1A) ESTER? OR AZD (1A) 3582 OR HCT (1A) 3012
L8	4	1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L6 OR L7)
		E BENEDINI F/AU
L9	3	7 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ("BENEDINI F"/AU OR "BENEDINI FRANCESCA"/AU
)
		E OLDANI E/AU
L10		8 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ("OLDANI E"/AU OR "OLDANI ERMINIO"/AU)
		E CASTALDI G/AU
L11	9	O SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ("CASTALDI G"/AU OR "CASTALDI GRAZIANO"/AU
		OR "CASTALDI GRAZIONO"/AU)

```
71 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON NICOX/CS, PA
L12
                1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (NI?(1A)COX)/CS,PA
L13
                    D BIB
                    D BIB L12
                8 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L8 AND (L9 OR L10 OR L11 OR L12 OR L13)
33 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L8 NOT L14
QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON PY<=2000 OR AY<=2000 OR PRY<=2000 OR
L14
L15
L16
                    PD<20000727 OR PRD<20000727 OR AD<20000727
                13 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L15 AND L16
L17
      FILE 'HCAOLD' ENTERED AT 10:05:14 ON 16 JUN 2005
                 O SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L6 OR L7)
L18
```

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:05:34 ON 16 JUN 2005 SAV TEM L5 SAC558F0/A

=> b hcap

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:06:09 ON 16 JUN 2005

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 16 Jun 2005 VOL 142 ISS 25 FILE LAST UPDATED: 15 Jun 2005 (20050615/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> d all hitstr l14 tot

```
L14 ANSWER 1 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
    2005:300267 HCAPLUS
AN
     142:349032
DN
    Entered STN: 07 Apr 2005
ED
    Nitrosylated analgesic and/or antiinflammatory drugs having antiviral
TТ
    activity
    Bolla, Manlio; Santus, Giancarlo; De Soldato, Piero
IN
PA
    Nicox S.A., Fr.
     PCT Int. Appl., 41 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
LΑ
     English
TC
     ICM A61K031-60
     ICS A61K031-44; A61K031-216; A61K031-235; A61K031-245; A61P031-12
CC
     1-5 (Pharmacology)
FAN.CNT 1
                        KIND
                               DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                                 DATE
     PATENT NO.
                                          -----
     ______
                        _ _ _ _
                               -----
                              20050407
                                          WO 2004-EP51551
PΙ
    WO 2005030224
                        A1
        W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
            CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
            GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
            LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,
```

```
NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,
             TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
             AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
             EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRAI EP 2003-292378
                                 20030926
                          Α
CLASS
                 CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
 PATENT NO.
                 ----
 WO 2005030224
                 ICM
                        A61K031-60
                        A61K031-44; A61K031-216; A61K031-235; A61K031-245;
                 ICS
                        A61P031-12
 WO 2005030224
                 ECLA
                        A61K031/216; A61K031/235; A61K031/245; A61K031/44;
                        A61K031/60
     The invention discloses the use of nitrosylated analgesic and/or
AB
     antiinflammatory drugs for the prevention and/or treatment of viral
     diseases and/or their complications.
ST
     nitrosylated analgesic antiinflammatory drug viral disease; antiviral
     nitrosylated analgesic antiinflammatory drug
IT
     Analgesics
     Antipyretics
     Antiviral agents
     Common cold
     Influenza
     Influenza A virus
     Influenza virus
     Prophylaxis
        (nitrosylated analgesic and/or antiinflammatory drugs having antiviral
        activity)
TT
     Anti-inflammatory agents
        (nonsteroidal; nitrosylated analgesic and/or antiinflammatory drugs
        having antiviral activity)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (oral; nitrosylated analgesic and/or antiinflammatory drugs having
        antiviral activity)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
         (parenterals; nitrosylated analgesic and/or antiinflammatory drugs
        having antiviral activity)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
         (topical; nitrosylated analgesic and/or antiinflammatory drugs having
        antiviral activity)
TΥ
     Cardiovascular agents
     Cardiovascular system, disease
        (viral infection affecting cardiovascular system; nitrosylated
        analgesic and/or antiinflammatory drugs having antiviral activity)
TT
     Infection
        (viral; nitrosylated analyesic and/or antiinflammatory drugs having
        antiviral activity) .
IT
     50-78-2D, Aspirin, nitrosylated derivs.
                                                53-86-1D, Indomethacin,
     nitrosylated derivs.
                            61-68-7D, Mefenamic acid, nitrosylated derivs.
     69-72-7D, Salicylic acid, nitrosylated derivs.
                                                       89-57-6D, Mesalamine,
     nitrosylated derivs. 103-90-2D, Paracetamol, nitrosylated derivs.
     487-48-9D, Salacetamide, nitrosylated derivs.
                                                      530-75-6D,
     Acetylsalicylsalicylic acid, nitrosylated derivs. 530-78-9D, Flufenamic
     acid, nitrosylated derivs. 644-62-2D, Meclofenamic acid, nitrosylated
               4394-00-7D, Niflumic acid, nitrosylated derivs.
                                                                  5104-49-4D,
     derivs.
                                           13710-19-5D, Tolfenamic acid,
     Flurbiprofen, nitrosylated derivs.
                           15307-86-5D, Diclofenac, nitrosylated derivs.
     nitrosylated derivs.
                                                     19834-23-2D, nitrosylated
     15687-27-1D, Ibuprofen, nitrosylated derivs.
               22071-15-4D, Ketoprofen, nitrosylated derivs.
                                                                 22204-53-1D.
     derivs.
     Naproxen, nitrosylated derivs. 23049-93-6D, Enfenamic acid, nitrosylated
               26171-23-3D, Tolmetin, nitrosylated derivs. 29679-58-1D,
     derivs.
     Fenoprofen, nitrosylated derivs. 31842-01-0D, Indoprofen, nitrosylated
               33005-95-7D, Tiaprofenic acid, nitrosylated derivs.
```

36322-90-4D, Piroxicam, nitrosylated derivs. 36330-85-5D, Fenbuf nitrosylated derivs. 38194-50-2D, Sulindac, nitrosylated derivs. 36330-85-5D, Fenbufen, 38677-85-9D, Flunixin, nitrosylated derivs. 40828-46-4D, Suprofen, 41340-25-4D, Etodolac, nitrosylated derivs. nitrosylated derivs. 51803-78-2D, Nimesulide, nitrosylated derivs. 52549-17-4D, Pranoprofen, nitrosylated derivs. 53716-49-7D, Carprofen, nitrosylated derivs. 59804-37-4D, Tenoxicam, nitrosylated derivs. 68767-14-6D, Loxoprofen, nitrosylated derivs. 69956-77-0D, CS-670, nitrosylated derivs. 70374-39-9D, Lornoxicam, nitrosylated derivs. 71002-09-0D, Pirazolac, nitrosylated derivs. 71125-38-7D, Meloxicam, nitrosylated derivs. 74103-06-3D, Ketorolac, nitrosylated derivs. 74711-43-6D, Zaltoprofen, nitrosylated derivs. 78499-27-1D, Bermoprofen, nitrosylated derivs. 78967-07-4D, Mofezolac, nitrosylated derivs. 91714-94-2D, Bromfenac, nitrosylated derivs. 114716-16-4D, Pemedolac, nitrosylated derivs. 123653-11-2D, NS-398, nitrosylated derivs. 158205-05-1D, L-745337, 169590-42-5D, Celecoxib, nitrosylated derivs. nitrosylated derivs. 174454-51-4 175033-36-0 170591-17-0 180200-68-4D, JTE-522, nitrosylated derivs. 181695-72-7D, Valdecoxib, nitrosylated derivs. 220991-20-8D, COX-189, nitrosylated derivs. 287118-96-1 287118-97-2 290335-22-7 302543-76-6 302543-78-8 326850-30-0 410071-14-6 410071-15-7 475561-43-4 612478-30-5 612478-31-6 849015-04-9 849015-07-2 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (nitrosylated analgesic and/or antiinflammatory drugs having antiviral activity)

RE.CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE

- (1) de Clercq, E; MOLECULAR PHARMACOLOGY 1978, V14(3), P422 HCAPLUS
- (2) Del Soldato, P; US 5861426 A 1999 HCAPLUS
- (3) Fang, X; WO 0145703 A 2001 HCAPLUS
- (4) Fiorucci, S; BRITISH JOURNAL OF PHARMACOLOGY 2002, V135(3), P589 HCAPLUS
- (5) Garvey, D; WO 03013432 A 2003 HCAPLUS
- (6) Khalili, P; EUROPEAN JOURNAL OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES 2003, V19(4), P305 HCAPLUS
- (7) Nicox Sa; EP 1219306 A 2002 HCAPLUS
- IT 170591-17-0

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(nitrosylated analgesic and/or antiinflammatory drugs having antiviral activity)

- RN 170591-17-0 HCAPLUS
- CN 2-Naphthaleneacetic acid, 6-methoxy-α-methyl-, 4-(nitrooxy)butyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- L14 ANSWER 2 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 2004:203791 HCAPLUS
- DN 140:253349
- ED Entered STN: 14 Mar 2004
- TI Process for preparing nitrooxyalkyl esters of naproxen and bromonaproxen.
- IN Del Soldato, Piero; Santus, Giancarlo; Benedini, Francesca
- PA Nicox S.A., Fr.
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 22 pp.
 - CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent
- LA English

```
IC
     ICM C07C201-02
     ICS C07C203-04
CC
     25-24 (Benzene, Its Derivatives, and Condensed Benzenoid Compounds)
FAN.CNT 2
     PATENT NO.
                                              APPLICATION NO.
                          KIND
                                 DATE
                                                                       DATE
     ------
                                 -----
                          ----
                                              -----
PΙ
     WO 2004020384
                          A1
                                 20040311 WO 2003-EP8698
                                                                      20030806
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM,
         PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
              FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
         L532098 A1 20050525 EP 2003-747879 20030806
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
     EP 1532098
PRAI IT 2002-MI1861 A
                               20020829
     WO 2003-EP8698
                           W
                                 20030806
CLASS
 PATENT NO.
                CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
                         _____
 WO 2004020384 ICM . C07C201-02
                 ICS C07C203-04
 WO 2004020384
                 ECLA C07C201/02; C07C203/04
os
     CASREACT 140:253349; MARPAT 140:253349
AB
     RCO2(CR1R2)m(CR3R4)n(CR5R6)oXp(CR7R8)q(CR9R10)r(CR11R12)sONO2 [R =
     naproxen, bromonaproxen residue; R1-R12 = H, alkyl, aralkyl; m, n, o, q,
     r, s = 0-6; p = 0, 1; X = 0, S, SO, SO2, NR13, PR13, (substituted)
     cycloalkylene, arylene, heterocyclylene; R13 = H, alkyl], were prepared by
     reaction of RCO2Z (R as defined above; Z = H, Li+, Na+, K+, Ca++, Mg++,
     tetralkylammonium, tetralkylphosphonium) with
     Y(CR1R2)m(CR3R4)n(CR5R6)oXp(CR7R8)q(CR9R10)r(CR11R12)sONO2 [Y = halo, BF4,
     SbF6, FSO3, ASO3; A = (substituted) alkyl; other variables as defined
     above]. Thus, a mixture of naproxen and KHCO3 was heated in DMF at
     50-60° for 90 min.; the mixture was cooled to room temperature and treated
     with KI and 4-bromobutyl nitrate (preparation given) followed by stirring for
     25 h to give 73% naproxen 4-nitrooxybutyl ester.
ST
     nitrooxyalkyl ester naproxen bromonaproxen prepn; methoxynaphthylpropionic
     acid bromobutyl nitrate esterification reaction
IT
     Esterification
        (preparation of nitrooxyalkyl esters of naproxen and bromonaproxen)
IT
     14797-55-8P, Nitrate, preparation
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (esters; preparation of nitrooxyalkyl esters of naproxen and bromonaproxen)
IT
     163133-43-5P, (S)-2-(6-Methoxy-2-naphthyl)
     propanoic acid 4-nitrooxybutyl ester
     669692-80-2P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (preparation of nitrooxyalkyl esters of naproxen and bromonaproxen)
IT
     68-12-2, Dmf, uses
     RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
        (preparation of nitrooxyalkyl esters of naproxen and bromonaproxen)
     98-59-9, Tosyl chloride 22204-53-1, Naproxen 33036-62-3,
IT
     4-Bromobutanol 84236-26-0, (S)-2-(5-Bromo-6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)propanoic
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (preparation of nitrooxyalkyl esters of naproxen and bromonaproxen)
     110798-26-0P, 4-Bromobutyl tosylate 146563-40-8P, 4-Bromobutyl nitrate 669692-75-5P, 4-Nitrooxybutyl p-toluenesulfonate
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
```

```
(Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation of nitrooxyalkyl esters of naproxen and bromonaproxen)
     110-86-1, Pyridine, reactions 121-44-8, Triethylamine, reactions
ΙT
     298-14-6, Potassium bicarbonate 7664-93-9, Sulfuric acid, reactions
     7681-11-0, Potassium iodide, reactions 7697-37-2, Nitric acid, reactions
     RL: RGT (Reagent); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation of nitrooxyalkyl esters of naproxen and bromonaproxen)
RE.CNT
             THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE
(1) Abadi, A; ARCHIV DER PHARMAZIE 2001, V334(3), P104 HCAPLUS
(2) Droux, S; WO 9825918 A 1998 HCAPLUS
(3) Giordano, C; TETRAHEDRON 1989, V45(13), P4243 HCAPLUS
(4) Kawaken Fine Chem Co Ltd; JP 05279359 A 1993 HCAPLUS
(5) Kawashima; JOURNAL OF MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY 1993, V36, P815 HCAPLUS
(6) Nicox Ltd; WO 9509831 A 1995 HCAPLUS
(7) Nicox Sa; WO 0110814 A 2001 HCAPLUS
(8) Ogawa, T; CHEMICAL AND PHARMACEUTICAL BULLETIN 1993, V41(6), P1049 HCAPLUS
    163133-43-5P, (S)-2-(6-Methoxy-2-naphthyl)
    propanoic acid 4-nitrooxybutyl ester
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
```

(preparation of nitrooxyalkyl esters of naproxen and bromonaproxen)

2-Naphthaleneacetic acid, 6-methoxy-α-methyl-, 4-(nitrooxy)butyl

Absolute stereochemistry.

163133-43-5 HCAPLUS

RN

CN

Me
$$(CH_2)_4$$
 NO₂

ester, (\alpha S) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
ANSWER 3 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
L14
ΑN
     2004:2666 HCAPLUS
DN
     140:65191
     Entered STN: 02 Jan 2004
ED
ΤI
     Oral pharmaceutical liquid drugs containing nitrate ester NSAIDs having
     improved bioavailability
     Del Soldato, Piero; Santus, Giancarlo; Macelloni, Cristina
IN
PΑ
     Nicox S.A., Fr.
so
     PCT Int. Appl., 46 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LΑ
     English
TC
     ICM A61K009-107
          A61K031-216; A61K031-235; A61K031-407; A61K031-426; A61K031-44;
           A61K031-4164; A61K031-4709
CC
     63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                            KIND
                                    DATE
                                                  APPLICATION NO.
                                                                            DATE
                            _ _ _ _
                                    20031231
                                                  WO 2003-EP6496
                                                                            20030620
     WO 2004000273
                             A1
          W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
              CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
              GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
              LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
          RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
```

KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,

```
FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     EP 1526839
                                20050504
                                         EP 2003-760660
                                                                   20030620
                          A1
             AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
PRAI IT 2002-MI1392
                          Α
                                20020625
     WO 2003-EP6496
                          W
                                20030620
CLASS
 PATENT NO.
                 CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
                        A61K009-107
 WO 2004000273
                 ICM
                 ICS
                        A61K031-216; A61K031-235; A61K031-407; A61K031-426;
                        A61K031-44; A61K031-4164; A61K031-4709
 WO 2004000273
                 ECLA
                        A61K009/107D; A61K009/14H2; A61K031/216; A61K031/216+M;
                        A61K031/235; A61K031/235+M; A61K031/407; A61K031/407+M;
                        A61K031/4164; A61K031/4164+M; A61K031/426;
                        A61K031/426+M; A61K031/44; A61K031/44+M; A61K031/4709;
                        A61K031/4709+M; A61K047/02
GI
```

$$\begin{array}{c|c} CH_2-CO-O-\left(-CH_2\right)_4O-NO_2\\ \hline\\ NH \\ C1 \\ \end{array}$$

The present invention relates to new pharmaceutical compns. for the administration of liquid drugs in solid oral forms, said compns. comprising one or more active ingredients, one or more surface-active agents and optionally a co-surfactant and/or an absorption enhancer absorbed on a solid inert carrier. An emulsion was prepared containing I 100, Cremophor EL 50, Phospholipon 80H 50, Aerosil 200 100, and Explotab 100 g.

ST oral pharmaceutical liq nitrate ester NSAID

IT Glycerides, biological studies

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

Ι

(C8-10, ethoxylated; oral pharmaceutical liquid drugs containing nitrate ester NSAIDs having improved bioavailability)

IT Quaternary ammonium compounds, biological studies RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL

(Biological study); USES (Uses)

(alkylbenzyldimethyl, chlorides; oral pharmaceutical liquid drugs containing nitrate ester NSAIDs having improved bioavailability)

IT Drug delivery systems

(capsules; oral pharmaceutical liquid drugs containing nitrate ester NSAIDs having improved bioavailability)

IT Castor oil

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(ethoxylated; oral pharmaceutical liquid drugs containing nitrate ester NSAIDs having improved bioavailability)

IT Anti-inflammatory agents

(nonsteroidal, nitrate esters; oral pharmaceutical liquid drugs containing nitrate ester NSAIDs having improved bioavailability)

IT Drug bioavailability

Surfactants

(oral pharmaceutical liquid drugs containing nitrate ester NSAIDs having improved bioavailability)

```
TT
     Alcohols, biological studies
     Bentonite, biological studies
     Clays, biological studies
     Glycerides, biological studies
     Kaolin, biological studies
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (oral pharmaceutical liquid drugs containing nitrate ester NSAIDs having
        improved bioavailability)
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (tablets; oral pharmaceutical liquid drugs containing nitrate ester NSAIDs
        having improved bioavailability)
                                              57-09-0, Cetyltrimethylammonium
     56-81-5, Glycerol, biological studies
IT
             57-55-6, Propylene glycol, biological studies 64-17-5,
     bromide
     Ethanol, biological studies 67-63-0, Isopropanol, biological studies
     67-68-5, Dmso, biological studies 68-12-2, Dmf, biological studies
     71-23-8, 1-Propanol, biological studies 71-36-3, 1-Butanol, biological
              78-83-1, Isobutyl alcohol, biological studies
                                           111-90-0
                                                      127-19-5,
     Ethylene glycol, biological studies
     Dimethylacetamide 151-21-3, Sodium lauryl sulfate, biological studies
     558-43-0, Isobutylene glycol 577-11-7, Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate
     593-29-3, Potassium stearate 616-45-5, 2-Pyrrolidone 822-16-2, Sodium
     stearate 1309-42-8, Magnesium hydroxide 7631-86-9, Silica, biological studies 8044-71-1, Cetrimide 9002-92-0, Polyoxyethylene lauryl ether 9004-34-6, Cellulose, biological studies 9005-25-8, Starch, biological
     studies 9016-45-9, Polyoxyethylene nonylphenyl ether 12619-70-4,
     Cyclodextrin 14807-96-6, Talc, biological studies 14987-04-3,
     Magnesium trisilicate 21645-51-2, Aluminum hydroxide, biological studies
     25265-75-2, Butylene glycol 63799-56-4, Labrafac 74791-03-0
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (oral pharmaceutical liquid drugs containing nitrate ester NSAIDs having
        improved bioavailability)
     50-53-3, Chlorpromazine, biological studies 54-11-5, Nicotine
                                                                         55-63-0,
TТ
     Nitroglycerin 77-38-3, Chlorphenoxamine 99-66-1, Valproic acid
     104-31-4, Benzonatate 113-92-8, Chlorpheniramine maleate 461-78-9,
     Chlorphentermine 637-07-0, Clofibrate 156661-01-7 156970-83-1
     158836-71-6 163133-43-5 164790-48-1 171781-26-3
                                175033-36-0
                                               204633-00-1
                                                               301669-93-2
     174454-43-4 174454-49-0
                 311336-57-9
                                311336-59-1
     302543-79-9
                                                311336-64-8
                                                               311336-66-0
                                                569371-19-3
     352464-58-5 352464-62-1
639067-52-0 639067-53-1
                                 497818-52-7
                                                               639067-51-9
                                639067-54-2
                                               639067-55-3
                                                               639067-56-4
     639067-57-5 639067-58-6 639067-59-7
                                               639067-60-0
                                                               639067-61-1
                                                               639067-66-6
     639067-62-2 639067-63-3
                                639067-64-4
                                                639067-65-5
                 639067-68-8 639067-69-9
                                                639067-70-2
                                                               639067-71-3
     639067-67-7
     639067-72-4
                  639067-73-5
                                 639067-75-7
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (oral pharmaceutical liquid drugs containing nitrate ester NSAIDs having
        improved bioavailability)
            THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE.CNT
RE
(1) Astrazeneca Ab; WO 0166087 A 2001 HCAPLUS
(2) Astrazeneca Ab; WO 0166088 A 2001 HCAPLUS
(3) Nicox Sa; WO 0061537 A 2000 HCAPLUS
     163133-43-5
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (oral pharmaceutical liquid drugs containing nitrate ester NSAIDs having
        improved bioavailability)
     163133-43-5 HCAPLUS
RN
     2-Naphthaleneacetic acid, 6-methoxy-\alpha-methyl-, 4-(nitrooxy)butyl
CN
```

Absolute stereochemistry.

ester, (as) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

(CH₂) 4

```
MeO
L14
     ANSWER 4 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
     2003:818296 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     139:302040
ED
     Entered STN: 17 Oct 2003
ΤI
     Nitrooxy derivatives of antiinflammatory/analgesic compounds for the
     treatment of arthritis
IN
     Del Soldato, Piero
PA
     Nicox S.A., Fr.
     PCT Int. Appl., 71 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
IC
     ICM A61K031-616
     ICS A61K031-19; A61K031-195; A61K031-165; A61K031-216; A61K031-44;
          A61K031-40; A61P019-02
CC
     1-7 (Pharmacology)
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
     ----------
                         ----
                                -----
                                             ------
PΙ
     WO 2003084550
                         A1
                                20031016
                                            WO 2003-EP3183
                                                                    20030327
           AE, AG, AL, AU, BA, BB, BR, BZ, CA, CN, CO, CR, CU, DM, DZ, EC,
             GD, GE, HR, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KP, KR, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MA,
             MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, SG, TN, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN,
             YU, ZA
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
             FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                            EP 2003-720377
     EP 1492543
                          A1
                                20050105
                                                                    20030327
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
PRAI IT 2002-MI773
                          Α
                                20020411
     WO 2003-EP3183
                                20030327
CLASS
 PATENT NO.
                 CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
                        -----
                        A61K031-616
 WO 2003084550
                 ICM
                        A61K031-19; A61K031-195; A61K031-165; A61K031-216;
                 ICS
                        A61K031-44; A61K031-40; A61P019-02
 WO 2003084550
                 ECLA
                        A61K031/165; A61K031/19; A61K031/195; A61K031/216;
                        A61K031/40; A61K031/44; A61K031/616
os
     MARPAT 139:302040
AB
     Antiinflammatory and/or antiinflammatory/analgesic compds. having the
     formula A(B)b0(C)c0-N(O)s [A contains radical of nonsteroidal
     antiinflammatory or nonsteroidal antiinflammatory/analgesic drug; B, C =
     bivalent linking group; s = 1, 2; b0, c0 = 0, 1 (with proviso)], and salts
     thereof, are disclosed for use in the treatment of arthritis.
ST
     antiinflammatory analgesic nitrooxy deriv arthritis treatment
IT
     Lymphocyte
        (IL-6 and TGFβ release; nitrooxy derivs. of
        antiinflammatory/analgesic compds. for treatment of arthritis)
IT
     Monocyte
        (IL-6 release; nitrooxy derivs. of antiinflammatory/analgesic compds.
        for treatment of arthritis)
```

IT

Transforming growth factor receptors

```
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (TGF-\beta \text{ receptor}, \text{ type II}; \text{ nitrooxy derivs. of})
        antiinflammatory/analgesic compds. for treatment of arthritis)
     Chondrocyte
TT
        (TGFβ1 production; nitrooxy derivs. of antiinflammatory/analgesic
        compds. for treatment of arthritis)
TT
     Alcohols, biological studies
     Carboxylic acids, biological studies
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (derivs.; nitrooxy derivs. of antiinflammatory/analgesic compds. for
        treatment of arthritis)
IT
     Carboxylic acids, biological studies
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (hydroxy, derivs.; nitrooxy derivs. of antiinflammatory/analgesic
        compds. for treatment of arthritis)
IT
     Interleukin 6
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (monocyte release of; nitrooxy derivs. of antiinflammatory/analgesic
        compds. for treatment of arthritis)
IT
     Analgesics
     Antiarthritics
     Arthritis
     Cell proliferation
     Drug toxicity
     Hepatotoxicity
     Human
     Liver
        (nitrooxy derivs. of antiinflammatory/analgesic compds. for treatment
        of arthritis)
IT
     Proteoglycans, biological studies
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (nitrooxy derivs. of antiinflammatory/analgesic compds. for treatment
        of arthritis)
IT
     Amino acids, biological studies
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (nitrooxy derivs. of antiinflammatory/analgesic compds. for treatment
        of arthritis)
IT
     Anti-inflammatory agents
        (nonsteroidal; nitrooxy derivs. of antiinflammatory/analgesic compds.
        for treatment of arthritis)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (oral; nitrooxy derivs. of antiinflammatory/analgesic compds. for
        treatment of arthritis)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (parenterals; nitrooxy derivs. of antiinflammatory/analgesic compds.
        for treatment of arthritis)
TΤ
     Alcohols, biological studies
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (polyhydric, derivs.; nitrooxy derivs. of antiinflammatory/analgesic
        compds. for treatment of arthritis)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (topical; nitrooxy derivs. of antiinflammatory/analgesic compds. for
        treatment of arthritis)
TT
     Liver
        (toxicity; nitrooxy derivs. of antiinflammatory/analgesic compds. for
        treatment of arthritis)
IT
     Transforming growth factors
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (\beta-, lymphocyte release of; nitrooxy derivs. of
        antiinflammatory/analgesic compds. for treatment of arthritis)
IT
     Transforming growth factors
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
```

(β1-, chondrocyte production; nitrooxy derivs. of antiinflammatory/analgesic compds. for treatment of arthritis) 50-78-2D, Acetylsalicylic acid, derivs. 50-81-7D, Ascorbic acid, derivs. IT 52-67-5D, Penicillamine, derivs. 52-90-4D, L-Cysteine, derivs. 53-86-1D, Indomethacin, derivs. 57-50-1D, Saccharose, derivs. 69-72-7D, Salicylic acid, derivs. 60-00-4D, Edetic acid, derivs. 70-18-8D, Glutathione, derivs. 77-92-9D, Citric acid, derivs. 89-65-6D, Isoascorbic acid, derivs. 103-90-2D, Paracetamol, derivs. 110-17-8D, Fumaric acid, derivs. 111-17-1D, 3,3'-Thiodipropionic acid, derivs. 117-39-5D, Quercetin, derivs. 120-05-8D, Sulphuretin, derivs. 121-34-6D, Vanillic acid, derivs. 121-79-9D, Propyl gallate, derivs. 123-31-9D, Hydroquinone, derivs. 149-91-7D, Gallic acid, derivs. 154-23-4D, Catechin, derivs. 305-84-0D, L-Carnosine, derivs. 315-30-0D, Allopurinol, derivs. 331-39-5D, Caffeic acid, derivs. 458-35-5D, Coniferyl alcohol, derivs. 490-79-9D, Gentisic acid, derivs. 500-38-9D, Nordihydroguaiaretic acid, derivs. 501-94-0D, derivs. 520-18-3D, Kempferol, derivs. 526-84-1D, Dihydroxymaleic acid, derivs. 533-73-3D, Hydroxyhydroquinone, derivs. 584-85-0D, Anserine, derivs. 616-91-1D, N-Acetylcysteine, derivs. 824-46-4D, derivs. 1078-61-1D, Dihydrocaffeic acid, derivs. 1135-24-6D, Ferulic acid, derivs. 1464-42-2D, Selenomethionine, derivs. 3411-58-3D, L-Cysteine ethyl ester, derivs. 3538-61-2D, derivs. 3614-08-2D, Selenocysteine, derivs. 3690-05-9D, p-Cumaric alcohol, derivs. 5104-49-4D, Flurbiprofen, derivs. 7400-08-0D, p-Cumaric acid, derivs. 15537-71-0D, N-Acetylpenicillamine, derivs. 15687-27-1D, Ibuprofen, derivs. 21611-48-3D, derivs. 22071-15-4D, Ketoprofen, derivs. 26171-23-3D, Tolmetin, derivs. 31842-01-0D, Indoprofen, derivs. 33005-95-7D, Tiaprofenic acid, derivs. 36211-20-8D, Penicillamine ethyl ester, derivs. 36322-90-4D, Piroxicam, derivs. 36330-85-5D, Fenbufen, derivs. 38194-50-2D, Sulindac, de 38677-85-9D, Flunixin, derivs. 41340-25-4D, Etodolac, derivs. 42924-53-8D, Nabumetone, derivs. 52549-17-4D, Pranoprofen, derivs. 38194-50-2D, Sulindac, derivs. 53716-49-7D, Carprofen, derivs. 59587-09-6D, N-Acetylcysteine ethyl ester, derivs. 59804-37-4D, Tenoxicam, derivs. 60654-26-4D, L-Cysteine propyl ester, derivs. 63147-28-4D, 3,5-Di-tert-butyl-4hydroxybenzylthioglycolate, derivs. 67607-91-4D, derivs. 68767-14 Loxoprofen, derivs. 69956-77-0D, derivs. 70374-39-9D, Lornoxicam, 68767-14-6D, 71125-38-7D, Meloxicam, 71002-09-0D, Pirazolac, derivs. derivs. 74103-06-3D, Ketorolac, derivs. 74711-43-6D, Zaltoprofen, derivs. derivs. 78499-27-1D, Bermoprofen, derivs. 78967-07-4D, Mofezolac, 91714-94-2D, Bromfenac, derivs. 92614-59-0D, Glutathione ethyl derivs. ester, derivs. 97473-82-0D, derivs. 99464-64-9D, Ampiroxicam, derivs. 156661-01-7 156970-83-1 158836-71-6 164790-48-1 170591-17-0 174454-43-4 175033-36-0 204268-63-3 290335-36-3 302543-75-5 311336-58-0 311336-60-4 311336-61-5 326850-30-0 497818-52-7 497818-53-8 497818-54-9 612478-19-0D, derivs. 612478-20-3D, derivs. 612478-21-4D, derivs. 612478-22-5D, derivs. 612478-23-6D, derivs. 612478-24-7D, derivs. 612478-25-8D, derivs. 612478-26-9D, derivs. 612478-27-0D, derivs. 612478-28-1 612478-29-2 612478-30-5 612478-31-6 612478-32-7 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (nitrooxy derivs. of antiinflammatory/analgesic compds. for treatment of arthritis) RE.CNT 13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

- (1) Armour, K; ARTHRITIS AND RHEUMATISM 2001, V44(9), P2185 HCAPLUS
- (2) Burgaud; DRUGS OF THE FUTURE 1999, V24(8), P858 HCAPLUS
- (3) Burgaud, J; CURRENT PHARMACEUTICAL DESIGN 2002, V8(3), P201 HCAPLUS
- (4) Cassella Ag; DE 4420523 A 1995 HCAPLUS
- (5) Cuzzolin, L; PHARMACOLOGICAL RESEARCH 1995, V31(1), P61 HCAPLUS
- (6) Del Soldato, P; US 5621000 A 1997 HCAPLUS
- (7) Del Soldato, P; US 5861426 A 1999 HCAPLUS
- (8) Del Soldato, P; TRENDS IN PHARMACOLOGICAL SCIENCES 1999, V20(8), P319 **HCAPLUS**
- (9) Fiorucci, S; MEDICAL SCIENCE SYMPOSIA SERIES 2001, V16, P171 HCAPLUS
- (10) Hof van 'T, R; CALCIFIED TISSUE INTERNATIONAL 1999, V64(SUPPL 1), PS59

```
Sackey 10/625558
(11) Kato, S; DIGESTIVE DISEASES AND SCIENCES 2001, V46(8), P1690 HCAPLUS
(12) Paul-Clark, M; PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF USA
    2002, V99(3), P1677 HCAPLUS
(13) Soldato Del, P; INFLAMMOPHARMACOLOGY 1996, V4(2), P181
     170591-17-0
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (nitrooxy derivs. of antiinflammatory/analgesic compds. for treatment
        of arthritis)
RN
     170591-17-0 HCAPLUS
CN
     2-Naphthaleneacetic acid, 6-methoxy-\alpha-methyl-, 4-(nitrooxy)butyl
     ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
                       -0-(CH_2)_4-0-NO_2
                    - C
     ANSWER 5 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
     2003:133017 HCAPLUS
AN
     138:163547
DN
ED
     Entered STN: 21 Feb 2003
ΤI
     Nitrooxy compounds for treatment of vasculopaties
IN
     Del Soldato, Piero
PΑ
     Nicox S.A., Fr.
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LΑ
     English
IC
     ICM A61K031-21
     ICS A61K031-435; A61P007-00; A61P009-00
CC
     1-8 (Pharmacology)
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
                                DATE
```

	FAIBNI NO.		KIND	DATE		ICATION NO.	DATE		
ΡI	WO 2003013		A2	20030220		002-EP8374	20020726		
	WO 2003013	199	A3	20031231					
	W: AE	, AG, AL,	AU, BA	, BB, BG,	BR, BZ,	CA, CN, CO,	CR, CU, CZ, DM,		
	DZ	, EC, EE,	GD, GE	, HR, HU,	ID, IL,	IN, IS, JP,	KP, KR, LC, LK,		
							PL, RO, SG, SI,		
	SK	, TN, TR,	TT, UA	, US, UZ,	VN, YU,	ZA			
	RW: GH	, GM, KE,	LS, MW	, MZ, SD,	SL, SZ,	TZ, UG, ZM,	ZW, AM, AZ, BY,		
	KG	, KZ, MD,	RU, TJ	, TM, AT,	BE, BG,	CH, CY, CZ,	DE, DK, EE, ES,		
	FI	, FR, GB,	GR, IE	, IT, LU,	MC, NL,	PT, SE, SK,	TR, BF, BJ, CF,		
	CG	, CI, CM,	GA, GN	, GQ, GW,	ML, MR,	NE, SN, TD,	TG		
PRAI	IT 2001-MI	1744	Α	20010809					
CLAS	SS								
PAT	ENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT I	FAMILY CL	ASSIFICA	TION CODES			
WO	2003013499	ICM	A61K031	-21					
						A61P009-00	•		
WO	2003013499	ECLA	A61K031,	/21; A61K	031/435+.	A			
os	MARPAT 138	:163547							
AB	AB The invention discloses the use for vasculopathy treatment of nitrooxy								
	•					•	of the invention		
	include e.	-		•		etic acid			
	(4-nitroox	•		-	-				
ST	nitrooxy e	ster drug	, vasculo	opathy; f	lurbipro	fen nitrooxy	deriv vasculopathy		

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

drug

Carboxylic acids, biological studies

IT

```
(hydroxy; nitrooxy compds. for treatment of vasculopaties)
IT
     Blood vessel, disease
     Cardiovascular agents
        (nitrooxy compds. for treatment of vasculopaties)
IT
     Amino acids, biological studies
     Carboxylic acids, biological studies
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (nitrooxy compds. for treatment of vasculopaties)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (oral; nitrooxy compds. for treatment of vasculopaties)
TT
    Drug delivery systems
        (parenterals; nitrooxy compds. for treatment of vasculopaties)
IT
     Alcohols, biological studies
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (polyhydric, aromatic and heterocyclic; nitrooxy compds. for treatment of
        vasculopaties)
IT
     Artery, disease
        (restenosis; nitrooxy compds. for treatment of vasculopaties)
TT
     290335-35-2
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (46nitrooxy compds. for treatment of vasculopaties)
IT
     50-81-7, Ascorbic acid, biological studies 52-67-5, Penicillamine
     52-90-4, Cysteine, biological studies 57-50-1, Saccharose, biological
             60-00-4, Edetic acid, biological studies
                                                        70-18-8D,
     Glutathione, esters 77-92-9, Citric acid, biological studies
     Reductic acid
                    89-65-6, Isoascorbic acid
                                               110-17-8, Fumaric acid,
     biological studies 111-17-1, 3,3'-Thiodipropionic acid 117-39-5,
                120-05-8, Sulphuretin 121-34-6, Vanillic acid 121-79-9,
     Ouercetin
     Propyl gallate 123-31-9, Hydroquinone, biological studies
                                                                  149-91-7,
     Gallic acid, biological studies 154-23-4, Catechin 303-45-7, Gossypol
     305-84-0, L-Carnosine 315-30-0, Allopurinol 331-39-5, Caffeic acid
     458-35-5, Coniferyl alcohol
                                  490-79-9, Gentisic acid 500-38-9,
     Nordihydroguaiaretic acid 501-94-0 520-18-3, Kaempferol 526-84-1,
     Dihydroxymaleic acid 533-73-3, Hydroxyhydroquinone
                                                          584-85-0, Anserine
     616-91-1, N-Acetylcysteine 824-46-4, Methoxyhydroquinone
                                                                 1078-61-1,
     Dihydrocaffeic acid 1135-24-6, Ferulic acid 1464-42-2,
     Selenomethionine 3614-08-2, Selenocysteine 3690-05-9, p-Cumaric
              7400-08-0, p-Cumaric acid 15537-71-0, N-Acetylpenicillamine
     alcohol
     63147-28-4, 3,5-Di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzylthioglycolate
                                                                 92614-59-0.
     Glutathione ethyl ester 97451-46-2, Glutathione isopropyl ester
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (nitrooxy compds. for treatment of vasculopaties)
IT
     5104-49-4, Flurbiprofen
                             164790-48-1
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study)
        (nitrooxy compds. for treatment of vasculopaties)
TT
     5104-49-4D, Flurbiprofen, nitrooxy derivs. 15307-86-5D, Diclofenac,
     nitrooxy derivs. 22204-53-1D, Naproxen, nitrooxy derivs.
                                                                 156661-01-7
     158836-71-6 163133-43-5 290335-26-1 302543-75-5
     302543-79-9
                  410071-57-7
                                475561-43-4
                                              497818-52-7
                                                            497818-53-8
     497818-54-9
                  497818-55-0
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (nitrooxy compds. for treatment of vasculopaties)
     163133-43-5
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (nitrooxy compds. for treatment of vasculopaties)
     163133-43-5 HCAPLUS
RN
     2-Naphthaleneacetic acid, 6-methoxy-\alpha-methyl-, 4-(nitrooxy)butyl
CN
     ester, (as) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

Absolute stereochemistry.

(CH₂) 4

```
MeO
L14
     ANSWER 6 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
     2001:115100 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     134:178355
ED
     Entered STN: 15 Feb 2001
ΤI
     Process for the preparation of naproxene nitroxyalkyl esters
IN
     Benedini, Francesca; Oldani, Erminio; Castaldi,
     Graziano; Tarquini, Antonio
PΔ
     Nicox S.A., Fr.
     PCT Int. Appl., 16 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LΑ
     English
IC
     ICM C07C203-04
CC
     25-24 (Benzene, Its Derivatives, and Condensed Benzenoid Compounds)
     PATENT NO.
                                              APPLICATION NO.
                          KIND
                                 DATE
     -----
                          ----
                                 -----
                                              -----
                                                                      -----
                                           WO 2000-EP7222
ΡI
     WO 2001010814
                                 20010215
                                                                      20000727
                          A1
         W: AE, AL, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, CA, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DM, EE, GD, GE,
             HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KP, KR, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MA, MG,
             MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI, SK, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN,
         YU, ZA, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ,
             CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     CA 2380116
                          AA 20010215 CA 2000-2380116
                                                                      20000727
                                              EP 2000-951456
     EP 1200386
                           A1
                                 20020502
                                                                      20000727
     EP 1200386
                                 20031001
                          B1
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL
                          T2
     TR 200200290
                                 20020521
                                              TR 2002-200200290
                                              BR 2000-12915
     BR 2000012915
                                 20020604
                           Α
     JP 2003506425
                                              JP 2001-515282
                                                                      20000727
                           T2
                                 20030218
     AT 251109
                           E
                                 20031015
                                              AT 2000-951456
                                                                      20000727
     EP 1384707
                                 20040128
                                              EP 2003-102132
                                                                      20000727
                           A1
     EP 1384707
                          B1
                                 20050608
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, LT, FI, CY
     PT 1200386
                                 20040227
                                              PT 2000-951456
                           Т
                                                                      20000727
     ES 2208390
                           TЗ
                                 20040616
                                              ES 2000-951456
                                                                      20000727
     AU 778694
                          B2
                                 20041216
                                              AU 2000-64385
                                                                      20000727
     RU 2248348
                          C2
                                              RU 2002-102860
                                                                      20000727
                                 20050320
     ZA 2002000478
                                 20030818
                                              ZA 2002-478
                          Α
                                                                      20020118
     US 6700011
                          B1
                                 20040302
                                              US 2002-31412
                                                                      20020118
     NO 2002000515
                          Α
                                 20020201
                                              NO 2002-515
                                                                      20020201
     ZA 2003004525
                           Α
                                 20040211
                                              ZA 2003-4525
                                                                      20030610
     US 2005119339
                           A1
                                 20050602
                                              US 2003-625558
                                                                      20030724
PRAI IT 1999-MI1753
                                 19990804
                          Α
     EP 2000-951456
                           A3
                                 20000727
     WO 2000-EP7222
                           W
                                 20000727
     US 2002-31412
                           A3
                                 20020118
CLASS
                 CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
 PATENT NO.
 WO 2001010814 ICM
                         C07C203-04
```

```
WO 2001010814
                 ECLA
                        C07C203/04
EP 1384707
                 ECLA
                        C07C203/04
US 6700011
                 NCL
                        558/482.000
                 ECLA
                        C07C203/04
US 2005119339
                 NCL
                        514/510.000; 558/482.000
os
     CASREACT 134:178355; MARPAT 134:178355
AB
     A process for obtaining nitroxyalkyl esters of the 2-(S)-(6-methoxy-2-
    naphthyl) propanoic acid having an enantiomeric excess higher than or equal
     to 95 %, preferably higher than or equal to 98 %, was characterized in
     that a halide of the 2-(S)-(6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)propanoic acid of formula
    A-Hal, wherein A is the acid acyl residue, is reacted in an inert organic
     solvent with an aliphatic nitroxyalkanol HO-Y-ONO2, wherein Y is a C2-C20
     alkylene or a cycloalkylene from 3 to 8 carbon atoms, or an alkylene as
     defined containing a cycloalkylene as defined, in the presence of an inorg.
    base. E.g., to a solution of 4-nitroxybutan-1-ol and K2CO3 in
     dichloromethane is added 2-(S)-(6-methoxy-2-naphthyl) propanoic acid
     chloride. to give the 4-nitroxybutyl ester of 2-(S)-(6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)-
     propanoic acid (85%, ee 98%).
ST
     naproxene nitroxyalkyl ester prepn; naproxen nitroxyalkyl ester prepn
TT
     163133-43-5P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (preparation of naproxene nitroxyalkyl esters)
IT
     22204-53-1, Naproxen 22911-39-3
                                        51091-84-0
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation of naproxene nitroxyalkyl esters)
RE.CNT
              THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE
(1) Hoechst Marion Roussel Inc; FR 2757159 A 1998 HCAPLUS
(2) Italfarmaco Spa; WO 9201668 A 1992 HCAPLUS
(3) Nicox Ltd; WO 9509831 A 1995 HCAPLUS
(4) Nicox Ltd; WO 9530641 A 1995 HCAPLUS
(5) Nicox Sa; WO 9716405 A 1997 HCAPLUS
IT
    163133-43-5P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (preparation of naproxene nitroxyalkyl esters)
RN
     163133-43-5 HCAPLUS
     2-Naphthaleneacetic acid, 6-methoxy-\alpha-methyl-, 4-(nitrooxy)butyl
CN
     ester, (as) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

Absolute stereochemistry.

```
L14
    ANSWER 7 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN
     1997:594647 HCAPLUS
DN
     127:257627
     Entered STN: 17 Sep 1997
ED
     Nitric oxide donors capable of reducing renal, gastrointestinal, or
TI
     respiratory drug toxicity
    Del Soldato, Piero
IN
PA
     Nicox S.A., Fr.; Del Soldato, Piero
     PCT Int. Appl., 31 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
     ICM A61K045-06
TC
```

CC

1-8 (Pharmacology)

```
Section cross-reference(s): 63
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                       KIND
                              DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO.
                                                              DATE
     -----
                        ----
                              -----
                                          -----
                                                                -----
                                        WO 1997-EP873
PT
    WO 9731654
                              19970904
                        A1
                                                                19970224
        W: AL, AU, BB, BG, BR, CA, CN, CZ, EE, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KP, KR,
            LK, LR, LT, LV, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK,
            TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
        RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR,
            IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML,
            MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
    CA 2247848
                        AΑ
                               19970904
                                          CA 1997-2247848
                                                                19970224
    AU 9720924
                        A1
                              19970916
                                          AU 1997-20924
                                                                19970224
    AU 706591
                        B2
                              19990617
    EP 904110
                        A1
                              19990331
                                          EP 1997-906115
                                                                19970224
    EP 904110
                        Bl
                              20020724
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, NL, SE, PT, IE, SI, LT, FI
    BR 9707739
                              19990727
                                          BR 1997-7739
                        Α
                                                                19970224
    JP 2000506133
                        T2
                               20000523
                                          JP 1997-530576
                                                                19970224
    EP 1221326
                        A2
                              20020710
                                          EP 2002-8079
                                                                19970224
    EP 1221326
                        A3
                               20040114
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, NL, SE, PT, IE, SI,
            LT, FI
    AT 220920
                              20020815
                                          AT 1997-906115
                                                                19970224
    RU 2192247
                       C2
                               20021110
                                         RU 1998-117618
                                                                19970224
    PT 904110
                        Т
                                          PT 1997-906115
                              20021231
                                                                19970224
    ES 2180938
                        T3
                              20030216
                                          ES 1997-906115
                                                                19970224
    US 2004242651
                        A1
                              20041202
                                          US 2004-885121
                                                                20040707
PRAI IT 1996-MI352
                       Α
                              19960226
    EP 1997-906115
                            19970224
                       A3
    WO 1997-EP873
                        W
                              19970224
    US 1998-125878
                        B1
                              19980826
CLASS
                CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
 PATENT NO.
               ----
WO 9731654
                ICM A61K045-06
 EP 1221326
                ECLA A61K045/06
 US 2004242651
                NCL
                       514/352.000; 514/509.000
                ECLA
                      A61K045/06
AB
    Organic compds. containing the -ONO2 function, or inorg. compds. containing the -NO
    group, or compns. comprising these compds., are used to reduce the
    toxicity caused by drugs to the gastrointestinal, respiratory, and/or
    renal apparatus, the compds. being characterized in that they are nitric oxide
     (NO) donors, i.e. when they are put into contact in vitro with cells of
    the vasal endothelium or platelets.
ST
    nitric oxide donor drug toxicity redn; kidney drug toxicity NO donor;
    respiratory tract drug toxicity NO donor; gastrointestinal tract drug
    toxicity NO donor
IT
    Steroids, biological studies
    RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or
    effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (antiinflammatory; nitric oxide donors for reducing renal,
       gastrointestinal, or respiratory drug toxicity)
IT
    Toxicity
        (drug; nitric oxide donors for reducing renal, gastrointestinal, or
       respiratory drug toxicity)
TT
    Blood vessel
        (endothelium; nitric oxide donors for reducing renal, gastrointestinal,
       or respiratory drug toxicity)
IT
    Antiarthritics
    Anticoagulants
    Antitumor agents
    Antiviral agents
```

```
Cardiovascular agents
     Digestive tract
     Immunosuppressants
     Kidney
     Platelet (blood)
     Respiratory tract
        (nitric oxide donors for reducing renal, gastrointestinal, or
        respiratory drug toxicity)
IT
     Antibiotics
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or
     effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (nitric oxide donors for reducing renal, gastrointestinal, or
        respiratory drug toxicity)
TT
     Anti-inflammatory agents
        (nonsteroidal; nitric oxide donors for reducing renal,
        gastrointestinal, or respiratory drug toxicity)
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (oral; nitric oxide donors for reducing renal, gastrointestinal, or
        respiratory drug toxicity)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (parenterals; nitric oxide donors for reducing renal, gastrointestinal,
        or respiratory drug toxicity)
IT
     Anti-inflammatory agents
        (steroidal; nitric oxide donors for reducing renal, gastrointestinal,
        or respiratory drug toxicity)
ΙT
     Drug delivery systems
        (transdermal; nitric oxide donors for reducing renal, gastrointestinal,
        or respiratory drug toxicity)
IT
     9015-82-1
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (inhibitors; nitric oxide donors for reducing renal, gastrointestinal,
        or respiratory drug toxicity)
ΙT
     50-02-2, Dexamethasone 50-78-2, Aspirin 51-21-8, 5-Fluorouracil
     53-06-5, Cortisone 53-86-1, Indomethacin
                                                  61-68-7; Mefenamic acid
     83-43-2, Methylprednisolone 530-78-9, Flufenamic acid 1403-66-3, Gentamicin 4394-00-7, Niflumic acid 15307-86-5, Diclofenac
     15663-27-1, Cisplatin 15687-27-1, Ibuprofen 22071-15-4, Ketoprofen
                           26839-75-8, Timolol 29122-68-7, Atenolol
     22204-53-1, Naproxen
                                                      59277-89-3, Acyclovir
     38677-85-9, Flunixin
                            51384-51-1, Metoprolol
     62571-86-2, Captopril
79217-60-0, Cyclosporin
                             74103-06-3, Ketorolac
                                                       75847-73-3, Enalapril
                              85721-33-1, Ciprofloxacin
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or
     effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (nitric oxide donors for reducing renal, gastrointestinal, or
        respiratory drug toxicity)
TТ
     55-63-0 78-11-5, Pentaerythritol tetranitrate 588-42-1,
                           1607-17-6, Pentrinitrol 2612-33-1, Clonitrate
     Trolnitratephosphate
     2921-92-8, Propatyl nitrate 7297-25-8, Erythrityltetranitrate
     14402-89-2, Sodium nitroprusside 15078-28-1, Nitroprusside Mannitol hexanitrate 65141-46-0, Nicorandil 163133-43-5
                                                                       15825-70-4,
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (nitric oxide donors for reducing renal, gastrointestinal, or
        respiratory drug toxicity)
     7665-99-8, CGMP
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (nitric oxide donors for reducing renal, gastrointestinal, or
        respiratory drug toxicity)
IT
     10102-43-9, Nitric oxide, biological studies
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (nitric oxide donors for reducing renal, gastrointestinal, or
```

respiratory drug toxicity)

IT 163133-43-5

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(nitric oxide donors for reducing renal, gastrointestinal, or respiratory drug toxicity)

RN 163133-43-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Naphthaleneacetic acid, 6-methoxy- α -methyl-, 4-(nitrooxy)butyl ester, (α S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

```
L14 ANSWER 8 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
```

AN 1995:667266 HCAPLUS

DN 123:82961

ED Entered STN: 13 Jul 1995

TI Preparation of organic nitrate esters having antiinflammatory and/or analgesic activity

IN Del Soldato, Piero

PA Nicox Ltd., Ire.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 46 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C07C203-04

או שווישעת

ICS C07D487-04; C07D209-28; A61K031-40; A61K031-405; A61K031-21

ICI C07D487-04, C07D209-00

CC 25-24 (Benzene, Its Derivatives, and Condensed Benzenoid Compounds)
Section cross-reference(s): 1, 23

FAN.CNT 2

PΙ

	9509 W:	831															
	W:	ΔM			A1		1995										
		ти,	AU,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CN,	CZ,	EE,	FI,	GE,	HU,	JP,	KG,	KΡ,
							LV,										
		TJ,	TT,	UA,	US,	UZ,	VN										
	RW:	KE,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	ΙT,	LU,
•		MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,
		TD,	TG														
GB	2283	238			A1		1995	0503	(GB 1	993-	2059	9		1:	9931	006
GB	2283	238			B2		1997	1126									
CA	2173	582			AA		1995	0413	(CA 1	994-	2173	582		1:	9940	923
ΑU	9478	092			A1		1995	0501		AU 1	994-	7809	2		1:	9940	923
ΑU	6780	63			B2		1997	0515									
EP	7224	34			A1		1996	0724		EP 1	994-	9288	01		1:	9940	923
EΡ	7224						1998										
				CH,	DE,	•	ES,										
HU	7444	6			A2 B		1996			HU 1	996-	87.4			1	9940	923
	2189						2000:										
	9407						1997				994-						
	0950				T 2		1997				994-					9940	
	1689				E		1998				994-					9940	
	2120				T 3		1998				994-				_	9940	
	2136						1999				996-						
US	5700	947			Α		1997	1223	1	US 1	996-	6245	80		1	9960	405

ADDITION NO

DATE

PRAI	US 5780495 [GB 1993-205 IT 1994-MI9 WO 1994-EP3 US 1996-624	16 182	A A A W A3	19931006 19940510 19940923	US 1997	-902570	19970729
PA:	TENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT	FAMILY CLASS	IFICATIO	N CODES	
WO	9509831	ICM	C07C203	3 - 04			
		ICS		7-04; C07D209	-20. XC1	۲031-40 ، ۸c	17031 405.
		105		•	-20, AUI	NUSI-40, AG	18031-403,
			A61K03				
		ICI		7-04, C07D209			
WO	9509831	ECLA	C07C203	3/04; C07D209	/28; C07	D487/04+209	C+209C+2
GB	2283238	ECLA	C07C203	3/04; C07D209	/28; C07	D487/04+209	C+209C+2
US	5700947	NCL	548/493	1.000; 548/57	6.000; 5	58/482.000;	558/483.000
		ECLA	C07C203		•		•
US	5780495	NCL	514/413	3.000; 514/41	9 000: 5	48/453.000:	548/491 000
	0.00120	ECLA	•	3/04: C07D209	•	•	•
~~	G3 GDD3 GD 10			•	/28, CU/	D401/04+203	C+209C+2
os	CASREACT 12	3:82961	; MARPAT	1 123:82961			
GI							

Me | CHCONH (CH₂)
$$_{4}$$
ONO₂

I

Q1=

 $_{2}$
 $_{2}$
 $_{2}$
 $_{2}$
 $_{2}$
 $_{2}$
 $_{3}$
 $_{4}$
 $_{4}$
 $_{4}$
 $_{4}$
 $_{5}$
 $_{7}$
 $_{7}$
 $_{7}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{8}$
 $_{$

The title compds. MCOY[C(A)(B)]nONO2[A, B = H, (un)branched alkyl; M = H,AB Q1, Q2, 2-(6-methoxy)naphthyl, etc.; n = 1-10], useful as analgesics, antiinflammatory agents, and blood platelet aggregation inhibitors, are prepared Thus, 2-(6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)propionic acid was converted into its Na carboxylate salt with NaOEt, the salt condensed with 1-bromo-4-chlorobutane, and the 4-chlorobutyl 2-(6-methoxy-2naphthyl)propionate intermediate nitrated by reaction with AgNO3, producing the 4-nitratobutyl ester, II.

stnitratobutyl methoxynaphthylpropionate prepn analgesic; antiinflammatory prepn nitratobutyl methoxynaphthylpropionate

IT Analgesics

Blood platelet aggregation inhibitors Inflammation inhibitors

(organic nitrate esters)

IT 164790-47-0P 164790-48-1P 164790-49-2P 170591-17-0P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of organic nitrate esters having antiinflammatory and/or analgesic activity)

1074-82-4, Potassium phthalimide IT 110-52-1, 1,4-Dibromobutane 6940-78-9, 1-Bromo-4-chlorobutane 7761-88-8, Silver nitrate, reactions 7789-60-8, Phosphorous tribromide 23981-80-8, 2-(6-Methoxy-2-

```
naphthyl)propionic acid
                               74103-06-3, Ketorolac
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation of organic nitrate esters having antiinflammatory and/or analgesic
        activity from)
                38835-18-6P, 2-(6-Methoxy-2-naphthyl)propionyl chloride
TT
     5394-18-3P
     55577-80-5P, Sodium 2-(6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)propionate
                   164790-52-7P 164790-53-8P
                                                 164790-54-9P
     164790-51-6P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation of organic nitrate esters having antiinflammatory and/or analgesic
        activity from)
TT
     170591-17-0P
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);
     BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (preparation of organic nitrate esters having antiinflammatory and/or analgesic
        activity)
RN
     170591-17-0 HCAPLUS
     2-Naphthaleneacetic acid, 6-methoxy-\alpha-methyl-, 4-(nitrooxy)butyl
CN
     ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

```
=> d all hitstr l17 tot
    ANSWER 1 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
L17
     2001:676579 HCAPLUS
AN
    135:231708
DN
     Entered STN: 14 Sep 2001
ED
     New self emulsifying drug delivery system
TI
ΤN
     Holmberg, Christina; Siekmann, Britta
     AstraZeneca AB, Swed.
PA
     PCT Int. Appl., 56 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LΑ
     English
IC
     ICM A61K009-113
CC
     63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                               DATE
     ______
                         ----
                               _____
```

```
APPLICATION NO.
                                                 -----
PΤ
                                    20010913
                                                 WO 2001-SE467
                                                                           20010306 <--
     WO 2001066088
                            A 1
          W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM,
              HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS,
              LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO,
              RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ,
          VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
              DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
              BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                    20010913
                                                 CA 2001-2401498
                                                                           20010306 <--
     CA 2401498
                             AA
                                    20030102
                                                 EP 2001-910305
                                                                           20010306 <--
     EP 1267832
                             A1
     EP 1267832
                             B1
                                    20040602
              AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
              IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
                                    20030603
                                                 BR 2001-9014
                                                                           20010306 <--
     BR 2001009014
```

```
JP 2003525894
                         T2
                               20030902
                                           JP 2001-564741
                                                                 20010306 <--
    EE 200200500
                         Α
                               20040216
                                          EE 2002-500
                                                                 20010306 <--
                                                                 20010306 <--
    AT 268162
                        E
                               20040615 AT 2001-910305
                                                                 20010306 <--
    NZ 521009
                               20040625 NZ 2001-521009
                        Α
                               20040930 PT 2001-910305
    PT 1267832
                         T
                                                                 20010306 <--
    ES 2220728
                         T3
                                          ES 2001-1910305
                               20041216
                                                                 20010306 <--
                                         ZA 2002-6740
    ZA 2002006740
                        Α
                               20031124
                                                                 20020822 <--
                               20030828 US 2002-220791
    US 2003161846
                        A1
                                                                20020905 <--
    NO 2002004272
                        Α
                               20021105 NO 2002-4272
                                                                 20020906 <--
    HK 1050632
                                         HK 2003-102781
                        A1
                               20050318
                                                                 20030416 <--
PRAI SE 2000-773
                         Α
                               20000308 <--
    WO 2001-SE467
                         W
                               20010306
CLASS
PATENT NO.
                CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
 -----
                _____
                       A61K009-113
WO 2001066088
               ICM
WO 2001066088
                ECLA
                       A61K009/48H6; A61K009/48H4; A61K009/50M; A61K031/21;
                       A61K031/215L5; A61K031/216; A61K031/407; A61K045/06 <--
                       424/400.000; 514/448.000; 514/509.000
US 2003161846
                NCL
                ECLA
                       A61K009/48H4; A61K009/48H6; A61K009/50M; A61K031/21;
                       A61K031/215L5; A61K031/216; A61K031/407; A61K045/06 <--
OS
    MARPAT 135:231708
AΒ
    The present invention claims and discloses a pharmaceutical composition
    suitable for oral administration, in form of an emulsion pre-concentrate,
    comprising: 1 or more NO-releasing NSAID(s), 1 or more surfactants,
    optionally an addnl. oil or semi-solid fat. The composition forms an in-situ
    oil-in-water emulsion upon contact with gastrointestinal fluids. The
    composition may optionally also comprise 1 or more short-chain alcs. Also
    within the scope of the invention is a combination with a proton pump
    inhibitor. The pharmaceutical composition is useful in the treatment of pain
    and inflammation. Further within the scope of the invention is kit
    comprising a pharmaceutical composition according to the invention in a unit
    dosage form, in combination with a proton pump inhibitor, and the proton
    pump inhibitor is enteric coated. Thus, a semisolid formulation contained
    a NO-releasing NSAID 750, Pluronic F127 450, and omeprazole 20 g.
ST
    self emulsifying drug delivery; naproxen ester emulsifying drug delivery;
    NSAID oil surfactant drug delivery emulsifying
ΙT
    Glycerides, biological studies
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (C16-18; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
IT
    Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (block; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
IT
    Drug delivery systems
        (capsules; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
IT
     Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (esters; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
IT
    Castor oil
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (ethoxylated; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
    Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (fish; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
IT
    Drug delivery systems
        (liqs.; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
    Drug delivery systems
ΙT
        (lozenges; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
TT
    Surfactants
        (nonionic; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
IT
    Anti-inflammatory agents
        (nonsteroidal; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
IT
    Drug delivery systems
        (pellets, enteric-coated; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
IT
    Ampuls
     Intestinal juice
```

```
Surfactants
        (self emulsifying drug delivery system)
IT
     Castor oil
     Coconut oil
     Corn oil
     Diglycerides
     Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
     Glycerides, biological studies
     Monoglycerides
     Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies
     Rape oil
     Safflower oil
     Soybean oil
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (self emulsifying drug delivery system)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (semisolid; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
IT
     Alcohols, biological studies
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (short-chain; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (tablets, chewable; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
TT
     Drug delivery systems
        (tablets, enteric-coated; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
IT
     Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (vegetable; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
ΙT
     9000-83-3
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (proton-translocating, inhibitors; self emulsifying drug delivery
IT
     56-81-5, Glycerol, biological studies
                                               57-55-6, Propylene glycol,
     biological studies 64-17-5, Ethanol, biological studies
                                                                    151-21-3, SDS.
                         1338-39-2, Sorbitan monolaurate 25322-68-3,
     biological studies
     Polyethylene glycol
                           25322-68-3D, Polyethylene glycol, esters
     73590-58-6, Omeprazole 73590-58-6D, Omeprazole, salts 95382-33-5,
     Omeprazole magnesium 102625-70-7, Pantoprazole
                                                         103577-45-3,
     Lansoprazole
                   104340-86-5, Leminoprazole
                                                  106392-12-5, Pluronic
     110617-70-4, Poloxamine 111371-26-7 112869-03-1 113712-98-4
     116091-80-6 117976-90-6, Pariprazole 119141-88-7, (S)-Omepra
119141-88-7D, (S)-Omeprazole, salts 136177-53-2 156661-01-7
                                               119141-88-7, (S)-Omeprazole
     156970-83-1
                   164790-48-1 170591-17-0 174454-43-4
                   174573-32-1 311336-57-9
                                                 311336-58-0
     174454-51-4
                                                                311336-59-1
                                                 311336-63-7
     311336-60-4
                   311336-61-5
                                  311336-62-6
                                                                311336-64-8
                   311336-66-0
     311336-65-9
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (self emulsifying drug delivery system)
RE.CNT
              THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
(1) Elan Corporation Plc; WO 9956727 A2 1999 HCAPLUS
(2) Gattefosse S A; WO 9508983 A1 1995 HCAPLUS
(3) Nicox Limited; WO 9509831 A1 1995 HCAPLUS
IT
     170591-17-0
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (self emulsifying drug delivery system)
RN
     170591-17-0 HCAPLUS
     2-Naphthaleneacetic acid, 6-methoxy-α-methyl-, 4-(nitrooxy)butyl
     ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

```
-C-O-(CH_2)_4-O-NO_2
L17 ANSWER 2 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AΝ
     2001:676578 HCAPLUS
     135:231707
DN
ED
     Entered STN: 14 Sep 2001
     New self emulsifying drug delivery system
TΙ
     Holmberg, Christina; Siekmann, Britta
IN
PA
     AstraZeneca AB, Swed.
so
     PCT Int. Appl., 28 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LΑ
     English
IC
     ICM A61K009-113
CC
     63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
     -----
                                -----
                                            -----
                         ----
                                                                   -----
PΙ
     WO 2001066087
                         A1
                                20010913
                                           WO 2001-SE466
                                                                   20010306 <--
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM,
             HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO,
             RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ,
             VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
             DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     CA 2401857
                                20010913
                                          CA 2001-2401857
                          AA
                                                                   20010306 <--
                                            EP 2001-910304
     EP 1267831
                         A1
                                20030102
                                                                   20010306 <--
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
     BR 2001009012
                          Α
                                20030603
                                            BR 2001-9012
                                                                    20010306 <--
     JP 2003525893
                          T2
                                20030902
                                            JP 2001-564740
                                                                    20010306 <--
     EE 200200483
                                            EE 2002-483
                          Α
                                20040216
                                                                   20010306 <--
     NO 2002004194
                          Α
                                20020903
                                            NO 2002-4194
                                                                   20020903 <--
     ZA 2002007109
                          A
                                20031204
                                            ZA 2002-7109
                                                                   20020904 <--
     US 2003077303
                         A1
                                20030424
                                           US 2002-221079
                                                                    20020905
PRAI SE 2000-774
                          Α
                                20000308
                                          <--
     WO 2001-SE466
                          W
                                20010306
                 CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
                _____
                 ICM
                        A61K009-113
WO 2001066087
                 ECLA
                       A61K009/48H6; A61K031/216
WO 2001066087
                        424/400.000; 514/509.000; 514/510.000
US 2003077303
                 NCL
     The present invention claims and discloses a pharmaceutical composition
AB
     suitable for oral administration, in form of an emulsion pre-concentrate,
     comprising a nitro-group-containing naproxen ester (I) , 1 or more
     surfactants, an oil or a semi-solid fat; the composition forming an in-situ
     oil-in-water emulsion upon contact with aqueous media such as gastrointestinal
     fluids. The composition may optionally also comprise 1 or more short-chain
     alcs. The pharmaceutical composition is useful in the treatment of pain and
     inflammation. Thus, a semisolid formulation contained I 3, Pluronic L 127
     0.843, sorbitan monolaurate 0.282, and propylene glycol 0.375 g.
     self emulsifying drug delivery; surfactant alc naproxen ester oil
ST
     emulsifying
```

IT

Glycerides, biological studies

```
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (C16-18; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
IT
    Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (block; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
    Drug delivery systems
IT
        (capsules; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
    Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies
TΤ
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (esters; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
TT
    Castor oil
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (ethoxylated, Cremophor EL; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
    Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
IT
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (fish; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
    Drug delivery systems
IT
        (lozenges; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
TT
    Surfactants
        (nonionic; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
IT
    Ampuls
    Analgesics
    Anti-inflammatory agents
     Intestinal juice
    Surfactants
        (self emulsifying drug delivery system)
ΙT
    Castor oil
    Coconut oil
    Corn oil
    Diglycerides
    Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
    Glycerides, biological studies
    Monoglycerides
    Rape oil
     Soybean oil
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (self emulsifying drug delivery system)
IT
    Drug delivery systems
        (semisolid; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
TΤ
    Alcohols, biological studies
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (short-chain; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
    Drug delivery systems
IT
        (tablets, chewable; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
     Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
IT
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (vegetable; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
TT
     110617-70-4, Poloxamine
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (Poloxamine 1107; self emulsifying drug delivery system)
     56-81-5, Glycerol, biological studies
                                            57-55-6, Propylene glycol,
TT
     biological studies
                          64-17-5, Ethanol, biological studies
     Sodium dodecyl sulfate, biological studies
                                                  1338-39-2, Sorbitan
                   25322-68-3D, Polyethylene glycol, esters
                                                               106392-12-5,
    monolaurate
                107628-12-6, Polyglycol BM 45 170591-17-0
     Poloxamer
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (self emulsifying drug delivery system)
RE.CNT
              THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE
(1) Elan Corporation Plc; WO 9956727 A2 1999 HCAPLUS
(2) Gattefosse S A; WO 9508983 A1 1995 HCAPLUS
(3) Nicox Limited; WO 9509831 A1 1995 HCAPLUS
IT
     170591-17-0
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (self emulsifying drug delivery system)
     170591-17-0 HCAPLUS
```

CN 2-Naphthaleneacetic acid, 6-methoxy-\alpha-methyl-, 4-(nitrooxy)butyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L17 ANSWER 3 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2001:1455 HCAPLUS

DN 135:70874

ED Entered STN: 01 Jan 2001

ΤI Gastroprotective and ulcer healing effects of nitric oxide-releasing non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs

AU Brzozowski, T.; Konturek, P. Ch.; Konturek, S. J.; Sliwowski, Z.; Drozdowicz, D.; Kwiecien, S.; Pajdo, R.; Ptak, A.; Pawlik, M.; Hahn, E.

CS Department of Physiology, Jagiellonian University School of Medicine, Krakow, 31-531, Pol.

SO Digestive and Liver Disease (2000), 32(7), 583-594 CODEN: DLDIFK

Pacini Editore PB

DT Journal

AB

LΑ English

CC 1-7 (Pharmacology)

Background & Aim. New class of nitric oxide-releasing non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs was shown to inhibit cyclooxygenase and prostaglandin generation without causing mucosal damage but whether these agents are capable of affecting gastric mucosal damage induced by strong irritants and healing of chronic gastric ulcers remains to be studied. this investigation, effects of nitric oxide-releasing aspirin and nitric oxide-releasing naproxen were compared with those of native agents on gastric lesions provoked by 100% ethanol and on healing of chronic acetic acid ulcers. Results. Both, nitric oxide-releasing aspirin and naproxen dose-dependently attenuated ethanol-induced damage and produced a significant rise in gastric blood flow but did not delay healing of gastric ulcers while native aspirin and naproxen had no influence on ethanol-induced gastric damage but significantly prolonged ulcer healing, reduced gastric blood flow and suppressed mucosal generation of prostaglandin E2. The gastroprotective and hyperemic effects of both nitric oxide-non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs were completely abolished by ODQ, an inhibitor of guanylyl cyclase-cGMP system but not influenced by suppression of nitric oxide-synthase with L-NNA. The damaging effects of native acetyl salicylate acid or naproxen were aggravated by acidification of these non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs but the exogenous acid added to nitric oxide-acetyl salicylate acid or nitric oxide-naproxen failed to influence their effect. Despite inhibiting of PGE2 generation, both nitric oxide-releasing derivs. and native aspirin and naproxen failed to affect expression of cyclooxygenase-1 mRNA but upregulated the cyclooxygenase-2 mRNA. Concurrent inhibition of cyclooxygenase-2 by selective inhibitor NS-398 which by itself delayed ulcer healing and attenuated the gastric blood flow at ulcer margin, significantly worsened the effects of these nitric oxide-non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs and their parent drugs on ulcer healing and the gastric blood flow at the ulcer margin. Conclusions. Coupling of nitric oxide to aspirin or naproxen attenuates ethanol-induced damage, possibly due to an increase in gastric microcirculation mediated by excessive release and action of nitric oxide that probably compensates for PG deficiency induced by non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs; and nitric oxide-non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug, unlike classic non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, does not affect intact gastric mucosa and fails to delay the healing of

```
pre-existing ulcers.
ST
     nitric oxide aspirin gastroprotective ulcer healing; naproxen nitric oxide
     gastroprotective ulcer healing; nonsteroidal antiinflammatory drug nitric
     oxide gastroprotective
IT
     Circulation
        (gastric; gastroprotective and ulcer healing effects of nitric
        oxide-releasing non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs)
IT
     Wound healing
        (gastroprotective and ulcer healing effects of nitric oxide-releasing
        non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs)
TТ
     Stomach, disease
        (mucosa, injury; gastroprotective and ulcer healing effects of nitric
        oxide-releasing non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs)
ΤT
     Anti-inflammatory agents
        (nonsteroidal; qastroprotective and ulcer healing effects of nitric
        oxide-releasing non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs)
IT
     Stomach, disease
        (ulcer; gastroprotective and ulcer healing effects of nitric
        oxide-releasing non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs)
ΙT
     64-17-5, Ethanol, biological studies 64-19-7, Acetic acid, biological
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)
        (gastroprotective and ulcer healing effects of nitric oxide-releasing
        non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs)
     163133-43-5, HCT 3012 175033-36-0, NCX 4016
TT
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or
     effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (gastroprotective and ulcer healing effects of nitric oxide-releasing
        non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs)
                        22204-53-1, Naproxen
IT
     50-78-2, Aspirin
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (gastroprotective and ulcer healing effects of nitric oxide-releasing
        non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs)
                                                     10102-43-9, Nitric oxide,
TΤ
     7665-99-8, CGMP 9054-75-5, Guanylyl cyclase
     biological studies
                          329900-75-6, cyclooxygenase-2
                                                          329967-85-3,
     cyclooxygenase-1
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (gastroprotective and ulcer healing effects of nitric oxide-releasing
        non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs)
ΙT
     363-24-6, prostaglandin E2
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MFM
     (Metabolic formation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation,
     nonpreparative); PROC (Process)
        (gastroprotective and ulcer healing effects of nitric oxide-releasing
        non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs)
RE.CNT
              THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE
(1) Anand, B; Am J Gastroenterol 1999, V94, P1818 HCAPLUS
(2) Brzozowski, T; Digestion 1993, V54, P24 MEDLINE(3) Brzozowski, T; Eur J Pharmacol 1999, V374, P263 HCAPLUS
(4) Brzozowski, T; Eur J Pharmacol 1999, V385, P47 HCAPLUS
(5) Brzozowski, T; J Gastroenterol 1997, V32, P442 HCAPLUS
(6) Brzozowski, T; Reg Pept 1999, V82, P19 HCAPLUS
(7) Chomczynski, J; Anal Biol Chem 1987, V162, P156
(8) Davies, N; Aliment Pharmacol Ther 1997, V11, P1101 HCAPLUS
(9) Davies, N; Aliment Pharmacol Ther 1997, V11, P69 HCAPLUS
(10) Elliott, S; Gastroenterology 1995, V109, P524 HCAPLUS
(11) Feng, L; Arch Biochem Biophys 1992, V307, P361
(12) Fiorucci, S; Gastroenterology 1999, V116, P1089 HCAPLUS
(13) Furst, D; Am J Med 1999, V107, P185
(14) Gaboury, J; Am J Physiol 1993, V265, PH862-7 HCAPLUS
```

(15) Kennedy, B; Biochem Biophys Res Commun 1993, V197, P494 MEDLINE (16) Konturek, P; Aliment Pharmacol Ther 1998, V12, P767 HCAPLUS

(17) Konturek, P; Gastroenterology 1990, V99, P1607 HCAPLUS (18) Konturek, S; Digestion 1991, V49, P140 HCAPLUS (19) Konturek, S; Eur J Pharmacol 1993, V239, P215 HCAPLUS (20) Lanza, F; Am J Med 1984, V13, P19 (21) Lefebre, R; Br J Pharmacol 1998, V124, P1439 (22) Levi, S; Lancet 1990, V336, P840 HCAPLUS (23) Mizuno, H; Gastroenterology 1997, V12, P387 (24) Moncada, S; Pharmacol Rev 1991, V43, P109 HCAPLUS (25) Okabe, S; Digestion 1987, V38, P103 (26) O'Banion, M; Proc Natl Acad Sci 1992, V89, P4888 HCAPLUS (27) Salvemini, D; J Clin Invest 1996, V97, P2562 HCAPLUS (28) Takeuchi, K; Digestion 1998, V59, P298 HCAPLUS (29) Takeuchi, K; J Physiol Pharmacol 1998, V49, P501 HCAPLUS (30) Takeuchi, K; J Physiol Pharmacol 1998, V49, P501 HCAPLUS (31) Vane, J; Inflamm Res 1995, V44, P1 HCAPLUS (32) Vane, J; Inflamm Res 1998, V47, P78 (33) Wallace, J; Am J Physiol 1997, V273, P1246 (34) Wallace, J; Eur J Pharmacol 1994, V257, P249 HCAPLUS (35) Wallace, J; Eur J Pharmacol 1995, V280, P63 HCAPLUS (36) Wallace, J; J Clin Invest 1995, V96, P2711 HCAPLUS (37) Wang, J; Gastroenterology 1989, V96, P393 HCAPLUS (38) Whittle, B; Br J Pharmacol 1990, V99, P607 HCAPLUS 163133-43-5, HCT 3012 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (gastroprotective and ulcer healing effects of nitric oxide-releasing non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs) RN 163133-43-5 HCAPLUS 2-Naphthaleneacetic acid, 6-methoxy-α-methyl-, 4-(nitrooxy)butyl CN ester, (aS) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

```
L17 ANSWER 4 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN
     2000:861483 HCAPLUS
DN
     134:25340
ED
     Entered STN: 08 Dec 2000
ΤI
     New use of compounds as antibacterial agents
IN
     Eek, Arne; Raud, Johan
PΑ
     Astrazeneca AB, Swed.
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 45 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
IC
     ICM A61K031-04
     ICS A61K031-196; A61K031-33; A61P001-04; A61P031-00
CC
     1-5 (Pharmacology)
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
                         ----
     _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
                                -----
                                            ------
                                                                    -----
                               20001207
                                            WO 2000-SE1071
PT
     WO 2000072838
                                                                   20000525 <--
                         A1
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR,
             CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU,
             ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU,
             LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD,
```

```
SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
             DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ,
             CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     CA 2373653
                                 20001207
                          AA
                                             CA 2000-2373653
                                                                     20000525 <--
     BR 2000011116
                          Α
                                 20020219
                                             BR 2000-11116
                                                                     20000525 <--
     EP 1196155
                          A1
                                 20020417
                                             EP 2000-937451
                                                                     20000525 <--
     EP 1196155
                                 20040804
                          B1
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
     TR 200103474
                          Т2
                                 20020422
                                             TR 2001-200103474
                                                                     20000525 <--
     JP 2003500442
                                             JP 2000-620950
                          T2
                                 20030107
                                                                     20000525 <--
     EE 200100647
                          Α
                                 20030217
                                             EE 2001-647
                                                                     20000525 <--
     NZ 515317
                                             NZ 2000-515317
                          Α
                                 20040528
                                                                     20000525 <--
                                             AT 2000-937451
     AT 272396
                          Е
                                 20040815
                                                                     20000525 <--
     AU 780678
                          B2
                                 20050407
                                             AU 2000-52623
                                                                     20000525 <--
                                             RU 2001-135826
     RU 2252032
                          C2
                                 20050520
                                                                     20000525 <--
     US 6593339
                          B1
                                             US 2000-673007
                                 20030715
                                                                     20000929 <--
     ZA 2001009497
                                             ZA 2001-9497
                          Α
                                20030217
                                                                     20011116 <--
     BG 106158
                                             BG 2001-106158
                          Α
                                 20020628
                                                                     20011128 <--
     NO 2001005855
                          Α
                                 20020130
                                             NO 2001-5855
                                                                     20011130 <--
     HK 1045814
                          A1
                                 20050401
                                             HK 2002-107373
                                                                     20021009 <--
     US 2004048917
                          A1
                                 20040311
                                             US 2003-426952
                                                                     20030501 <--
PRAI SE 1999-2027
                          Α
                                 19990601
                                           <--
     SE 1999-4704
                          Α
                                 19991221
                                           <--
     WO 2000-SE1071
                          W
                                 20000525
                                           <--
     US 2000-673007
                          A1
                                 20000929
CLASS
 PATENT NO.
                 CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
 WO 2000072838
                 TCM
                        A61K031-04
                 ICS
                        A61K031-196; A61K031-33; A61P001-04; A61P031-00
 WO 2000072838
                 ECLA
                        A61K031/00+A; A61K031/407; A61K045/06; A61K031/21;
                        A61K031/215L5; A61K031/216; A61K031/381; A61K031/403;
                        A61K031/4035; A61K031/405
                        514/303.000; 514/165.000; 514/166.000; 514/333.000;
 US 6593339
                 NCL
                        514/338.000; 514/926.000; 514/927.000
                 ECLA
                        A61K031/00+A; A61K031/4035; A61K031/405; A61K031/407;
                        A61K045/06; A61K031/21; A61K031/215L5; A61K031/216;
                        A61K031/381; A61K031/403
                        514/417.000; 514/448.000; 514/509.000
 US 2004048917
                 NCL
                        A61K031/00+A; A61K031/21; A61K031/215L5; A61K031/216;
                 ECLA
                        A61K031/381; A61K031/403; A61K031/4035; A61K031/405;
                        A61K031/407; A61K045/06
AB
     The present invention discloses a new use of NO-releasing NSAIDs, especially
     NO-releasing NSAIDs of formula (I), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt
     or enantiomer thereof, for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of
     bacterial infections, especially caused or mediated by Helicobacter pylori.
     Disclosed is also the new use of a NO-releasing NSAID in combination with
     an acid susceptible proton pump inhibitor for the treatment of bacterial
     infections.
     antibacterial Helicobacter NSAID nitric oxide; proton pump inhibitor
     Helicobacter NSAID nitric oxide
ΙT
     Anti-inflammatory agents
        (nonsteroidal; treatment of Helicobacter pylori infections with nitric
        oxide-releasing NSAIDs and proton pump inhibitors)
IT
     Antibacterial agents
     Helicobacter pylori
        (treatment of Helicobacter pylori infections with nitric
        oxide-releasing NSAIDs and proton pump inhibitors)
TT
     9000-83-3, ATPase
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (hydrogen ion-translocating, inhibitors; treatment of Helicobacter
        pylori infections with nitric oxide-releasing NSAIDs and proton pump
        inhibitors)
```

73590-58-6, Omeprazole 103577-45-3, Lansoprazole 119141-88-7, TΤ (S)-Omeprazole 156661-01-7 156970-83-1 164790-48-1 174454-43-4 174454-51-4 170591-17-0 311336-57-9 311336-61-5 311336-58-0 311336-59-1 311336-60-4 311336-62-6 311336-63-7 311336-64-8 311336-65-9 311336-66-0 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(treatment of Helicobacter pylori infections with nitric oxide-releasing NSAIDs and proton pump inhibitors)

IT 10102-43-9, Nitric oxide, biological studies

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (treatment of Helicobacter pylori infections with nitric oxide-releasing NSAIDs and proton pump inhibitors)

RE.CNT 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE

- (1) Corlay, S; WO 9404484 A1 1994 HCAPLUS
- (2) Davies, N; Pharmacol Ther 1997, V11, P69 HCAPLUS
- (3) Duke University Medical Center; WO 9967210 A1 1999 HCAPLUS
- (4) Entremed Inc; WO 9509612 A1 1995 HCAPLUS
- (5) Fiorucci, S; Aliment Pharmacol Ther 1999, V13, P421 HCAPLUS
- (6) Hct-Health Care Trading Ltd; WO 9412463 A1 1994 HCAPLUS
- (7) Nicox Limited; WO 9509831 A1 1995 HCAPLUS
- (8) Nicox Limited; WO 9530641 A1 1995 HCAPLUS
- (9) Nicox S A; WO 9731654 A1 1997 HCAPLUS
- (10) Schmassmann, A; Am J Med 1998, V104(3A), P43S HCAPLUS
- (11) The Procter & Gamble Company; WO 9822117 A1 1998 HCAPLUS
- (12) Yanaka, A; Role of nitric oxide in the pathogenesis of gastrointestinal diseases, Ensho 1999, V19(3), P129 HCAPLUS
- IT 170591-17-0
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
 study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES

(treatment of Helicobacter pylori infections with nitric oxide-releasing NSAIDs and proton pump inhibitors)

- RN 170591-17-0 HCAPLUS
- CN 2-Naphthaleneacetic acid, 6-methoxy-α-methyl-, 4-(nitrooxy)butyl
 ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- L17 ANSWER 5 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 2000:618129 HCAPLUS
- DN 133:290916
- ED Entered STN: 06 Sep 2000
- TI Antihypertensive properties of a nitric oxide-releasing naproxen derivative in two-kidney, one-clip rats
- AU Muscara, Marcelo N.; McKnight, Webb; Lovren, Fina; Triggle, Christopher R.; Cirino, Giuseppe; Wallace, John L.
- CS Department of Pharmacology and Therapeutics, University of Calgary, Calgary, AB, T2N 4N1, Can.
- SO American Journal of Physiology (2000), 279(2, Pt. 2), H528-H535 CODEN: AJPHAP; ISSN: 0002-9513
- PB American Physiological Society
- DT Journal
- LA English
- CC 1-8 (Pharmacology)
- AB Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs have been reported to exacerbate

hypertension. In this study, we tested the hypothesis that a nitric oxide-releasing derivative of naproxen would ameliorate hypertension in the rat. Hypertension was induced by partially occluding one renal artery (the "2K,1C" model), and 2 wk later the rats started receiving naproxen, the nitric oxide-releasing derivative HCT-3012, or vehicle each day for 2 wk. Naproxen significantly exacerbated the hypertension. HCT-3012 significantly reduced blood pressure relative to both the naproxen- and vehicle-treated groups. Both naproxen and HCT-3012 markedly suppressed whole blood thromboxane B2 synthesis. In studies of anesthetized rats, naproxen significantly enhanced the late hypertensive response to endothelin-1 and significantly blunted the early hypotensive response. In contrast, HCT-3102 did not affect either response to endothelin-1. In vitro, HCT-3012 significantly reduced the responsiveness of aortic rings to the contractile effects of phenylephrine. These studies suggest that HCT-3012 reduces blood pressure in hypertensive rats, not simply through the vasodilatory actions of the nitric oxide it releases, but through alterations in the responsiveness of the vasculature to endogenous pressor agents. antihypertensive nitric oxide naproxen deriv HCT3012 Antihypertensives Vasodilators (antihypertensive properties of a nitric oxide-releasing naproxen derivative in two-kidney, one-clip rats) Anti-inflammatory agents (nonsteroidal; antihypertensive properties of a nitric oxide-releasing

ST

IT

IT

naproxen derivative in two-kidney, one-clip rats)

IT 22204-53-1, Naproxen

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study) (antihypertensive properties of a nitric oxide-releasing naproxen derivative in two-kidney, one-clip rats)

TТ 22204-53-1D, derivs. 123626-67-5, Endothelin-1

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(antihypertensive properties of a nitric oxide-releasing naproxen derivative in two-kidney, one-clip rats)

10102-43-9, Nitric oxide, biological studies

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(donors; antihypertensive properties of a nitric oxide-releasing naproxen derivative in two-kidney, one-clip rats)

54397-85-2, Thromboxane B2

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(synthesis; antihypertensive properties of a nitric oxide-releasing naproxen derivative in two-kidney, one-clip rats)

THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT

- (1) Arai, H; Nature 1990, V348, P730 HCAPLUS
- (2) Da Silva-Santos, J; J Pharmacol Exp Ther 1999, V290, P380 HCAPLUS
- (3) Davenport, A; J Cardiovasc Pharmacol 1993, V22(Suppl 8), PS22
- (4) Davies, N; Aliment Pharmacol Ther 1997, V11, P69 HCAPLUS
- (5) De Nucci, G; Proc Natl Acad Sci USA 1988, V85, P2334 HCAPLUS
- (6) de Nucci, G; Proc Natl Acad Sci USA 1998, V85, P9797
- (7) Fujihara, C; Am J Physiol Renal Physiol 1998, V274, PF573 HCAPLUS
- (8) Goldblatt, H; Proc Natl Acad Sci USA 1976, V73, P1722 MEDLINE
- (9) Granger, J; Hypertension 1997, V29, P205 HCAPLUS
- (10) Henrion, D; Hypertension 1996, V28, P361 HCAPLUS
- (11) Houston, M; Am J Med 1991, V90, P42S MEDLINE
- (12) Johansson, M; Circulation 1999, V99, P2537 MEDLINE (13) Lin, C; J Auton Nerv Syst 1982, V5, P253 HCAPLUS (14) Lin, H; Hypertension 1996, V28, P372 HCAPLUS

- (15) Liu, S; Br J Pharmacol 1991, V104, P565 HCAPLUS

- (16) Moncada, S; Proc Natl Acad Sci USA 1991, V88, P2166 HCAPLUS
- (17) Muscara, M; J Chromatogr B Biomed Appl 1996, V686, P157 HCAPLUS
- (18) Muscara, M; Life Sci 1998, V62, PPL235 HCAPLUS
- (19) Nakada, T; J Urol 1996, V156, P1480 HCAPLUS
- (20) Stewart, P; J Hypertens 1993, V11, P349 HCAPLUS
- (21) Tabernero, A; Br J Pharmacol 1996, V117, P757 HCAPLUS (22) Vo, P; Eur J Pharmacol 1991, V199, P123 HCAPLUS
- (23) Wallace, J; Drug Dev Res 1997, V42, P144 HCAPLUS
- (24) Wallace, J; Eur J Pharmacol 1994, V257, P249 HCAPLUS
- (25) Wallace, J; Gastroenterology 1994, V107, P173 HCAPLUS
- (26) Wallace, J; Gastroenterology 1997, V112, P1000 HCAPLUS
- (27) Wallace, J; J Clin Invest 1995, V96, P2711 HCAPLUS
- (28) Whelton, A; Am J Med 1999, V106, P13S HCAPLUS
- (29) Zanchi, A; Am J Physiol Heart Circ Physiol 1995, V268, PH2267 HCAPLUS
- L17 ANSWER 6 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 2000:557438 HCAPLUS
- DN 133:232547
- ED Entered STN: 14 Aug 2000
- TT NO-naproxen modulates inflammation, nociception and downregulates T cell response in rat Freund's adjuvant arthritis
- AU Cicala, Carla; Ianaro; Angela; Fiorucci, Stefano; Calignano, Antonio; Bucci, Mariarosaria; Gerli, Roberto; Santucci, Luca; Wallace, John L.; Cirino, Giuseppe
- CS Dipartimento di Farmacologia Sperimentale, Universita degli Studi di Napoli - Federico II, Naples, 80131, Italy
- British Journal of Pharmacology (2000), 130(6), 1399-1405 SO CODEN: BJPCBM; ISSN: 0007-1188
- PB Nature Publishing Group
- DT Journal
- LA English
- 1-7 (Pharmacology) CC
- AB Anti-inflammatory non steroidal drugs releasing NO (NO-NSAIDs) are a new class of anti-inflammatory drugs to which has been added an NO-releasing moiety. These compds. have been shown to retain the anti-inflammatory, analgesic and antipyretic activity of the parent compound but to be devoid of gastrointestinal (GI) toxicity. Freund's adjuvant (FA) arthritis was induced in rats by a single intraplantar injection into the right hindpaw of 100 μ l of mycobacterium butyricum (6 mg ml-1). The effect of equimolar doses of naproxen (1, 3 and 10 mg kg-1) and NO-naproxen (1.5, 4.5 and 16 mg kg-1) was evaluated using two dosage regimen protocols: (i) preventive, starting oral administration of the drugs at the time of induction of arthritis and for the following 21 days (day 1-21); (ii) therapeutic, starting oral administration of the drugs 7 days after adjuvant injection and for the following 14 days (day 7-21). Hindpaw swelling (days 3, 7, 11, 14, 17, 21) and nociception (days 15 and 21) were measured. On day 22 rats were sacrificed, draining lymph nodes were removed and T cells isolated. In vitro proliferation of T cells following stimulation with Con A $(0.5-5 \mu g ml-1)$ was measured using a tritiated thymidine incorporation assay. IL-2 receptor expression on T cells was measured by FACS anal. Naproxen and NO-naproxen showed similar activity in reducing edema formation in the non-injected (controlateral) hindpaw. Both drugs showed anti-nociceptive effect. NO-naproxen was anti-nociceptive at a dose of 4.5 mg kg-1 while naproxen showed the same extent of inhibition only at a dose of 10 mg kg-1. T cells were isolated and characterized by FACS anal. Stimulation of isolated T cells with concanavallin A in vitro caused a significant increase in thymidine uptake. NO-naproxen at a dose of 4.5 mg kg-1 inhibited T cell proliferation to the same extent as 10 mg kg-1 of naproxen. Inhibition of T cell proliferation was well correlated with reduced IL-2 receptor expression on T cells. In addition, NO-naproxen reduced both IL-18 and TNF α plasma levels while naproxen reduced IL-1 β levels only. In conclusion, both naproxen and NO-naproxen reduce inflammation and nociception associated with arthritis. In addition NO-naproxen interferes to a larger extent with cellular mechanism involved in T cell activation in rat adjuvant arthritis indicating that introduction of the NO moiety in the

```
naproxen structure increases the effect at the level of the immune system.
ST
      nitronaproxen antiinflammatory analgesic T cell; antiarthritic
     nitronaproxen naproxen nitric oxide
IT
     Analgesics
      Antiarthritics
      T cell (lymphocyte)
         (NO-naproxen modulates inflammation, nociception and downregulates T
         cell response in arthritis)
·IT
      Interleukin 18
      Interleukin 2 receptors
      Tumor necrosis factors
      RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
      (Biological study); PROC (Process)
         (NO-naproxen modulates inflammation, nociception and downregulates T
         cell response in arthritis)
IT
      Cell proliferation
         (T cell; NO-naproxen modulates inflammation, nociception and
         downregulates T cell response in arthritis)
IT
      Anti-inflammatory agents
         (nonsteroidal; NO-naproxen modulates inflammation, nociception and
         downregulates T cell response in arthritis)
IT
      163133-43-5
      RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
      study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
      (Uses)
         (NO-naproxen modulates inflammation, nociception and downregulates T
         cell response in arthritis)
TТ
      10102-43-9, Nitric oxide, biological studies
                                                      22204-53-1, Naproxen
      RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
         (NO-naproxen modulates inflammation, nociception and downregulates T
         cell response in arthritis)
               THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE.CNT
RE
 (1) Barnes, P; Immunol Today 1994, V16, P128
 (2) Bayer, B; Biochem Pharmacol 1979, V28, P441 HCAPLUS
 (3) Charles, I; Proc Natl Acad Sci USA 1993, V90, P11419 HCAPLUS
 (4) Cirino, G; Br J Pharmacol 1996, V117, P1421 HCAPLUS
 (5) Davies, N; Aliment Pharm Ther 1997, V11, P69 HCAPLUS
 (6) Feldmann, M; Ann Rev Immunol 1996, V14, P397 HCAPLUS
 (7) Firstein, G; Arthritis Rheum 1990, V33, P768
 (8) Gregory, S; J Immunol 1993, V150, P2901 HCAPLUS
 (9) Ianaro, A; Immunol 1994, V82, P370 MEDLINE
 (10) Kavanaugh, A; Rheum Dis Clin North Am 1998, V24, P593 MEDLINE
 (11) Klimiuk, P; Clin Immunol 1999, V90, P65 HCAPLUS
 (12) McCartney-Francis, N; J Exp Med 1993, V178, P749 HCAPLUS
 (13) McInnes, I; J Exp Med 1996, V184, P1519 HCAPLUS (14) Moncada, S; N Engl J Med 1993, V29, P2002
 (15) Moreland, L; Rheum Dis Clin North Am 1998, V24, P579 MEDLINE
 (16) Panayi, G; Arthr Rheum 1992, V35, P729 MEDLINE
 (17) Pearson, C; J Chron Dis 1963, V16, P863 MEDLINE
 (18) Pearson, C; J Exp Med 1961, V113, P485 MEDLINE
 (19) Randall, L; Arch Int Pharmacodyn 1957, V111, P233
 (20) Seng, G; Eur J Pharmacol 1990, V178, P267 HCAPLUS
 (21) Stefanovic-Racic, M; Arthr Rheum 1994, V37, P1062 HCAPLUS
 (22) Stefanovic-Racic, M; J Rheumatol 1994, V21, P1892 HCAPLUS
 (23) Van Boxel, J; N Engl J Med 1975, V293, P517 MEDLINE
 (24) Van Den Berg, W; T cells in Arthritis 1998, P75 HCAPLUS
 (25) Wallace, J; Pain Rev 1997, V4, P230 HCAPLUS
 (26) Wallace, J; Trends Pharmacol Sci 1994, V15, P405 HCAPLUS
 (27) Waltz, D; J Pharmacol Exp Ther 1971, V178, P223
 (28) Wei, X; Nature 1995, V375, P408 HCAPLUS
      163133-43-5
      RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
      study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
      (Uses)
```

(NO-naproxen modulates inflammation, nociception and downregulates T

cell response in arthritis)

RN 163133-43-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Naphthaleneacetic acid, 6-methoxy-α-methyl-, 4-(nitrooxy)butyl ester, (aS) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L17 ANSWER 7 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ΔN 2000:171920 HCAPLUS

DN 132:317766

ED Entered STN: 16 Mar 2000

ΤĪ Wound collagen deposition in rats: effects of an NO-NSAID and a selective COX-2 inhibitor

ΑU Muscara, Marcelo N.; McKnight, Webb; Asfaha, Samuel; Wallace, John L.

CS Department of Pharmacology & Therapeutics, University of Calgary, Calgary, AB, T2N 4N1, Can.

SO British Journal of Pharmacology (2000), 129(4), 681-686 CODEN: BJPCBM; ISSN: 0007-1188

PB Nature Publishing Group

DTJournal

LΑ English

CC

1-7 (Pharmacology) 1 Selective cyclo-oxygenase (COX)-2 inhibitors and nitric oxide-releasing AB nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) exhibit reduced toxicity in the gastrointestinal tract, but may affect wound healing in other tissues. In this study, we have compared the effects of a selective COX-2 inhibitor (celecoxib), a nitric-oxide releasing derivative of naproxen (HCT-3012) and naproxen in a model of wound collagen deposition in the rat. 2 Polyvinyl alc. sponges were implanted s.c. in rats. The rats were treated daily for 5 days with the test drugs at equieffective anti-inflammatory doses. 3 Naproxen (10 mg kg-1) significantly decreased (45%) collagen deposition at the wound site relative to the vehicle-treated control group. In contrast, HCT-3012 (14.5 mg kg-1) significantly increased (62%) collagen deposition, while celecoxib (10 mg kg-1) had no effect. 4 Naproxen and HCT-3012 suppressed prostaglandin (PG) E2 levels at the wound site and whole blood thromboxane synthesis to similar degrees. Celecoxib had no significant effect on wound fluid PGE2 levels, but slightly reduced whole blood thromboxane synthesis (by 17%). 5 COX-1 mRNA and protein were expressed in the wound exudate, the skin surrounding the wound and in normal skin. In contrast, COX-2 mRNA, but not protein, was expressed in wound and normal skin. 6 These results demonstrate that HCT-3012 can significantly enhance collagen deposition at a wound site, despite inhibiting prostaglandin synthesis to the same extent as the parent drug. Nitric oxide-releasing NSAIDs may represent a safer alternative to standard NSAIDs for use as anti-inflammatory and analgesic agents by post-surgery patients.

ST NSAID naproxen nitric oxide wound healing; collagen deposition NSAID naproxen nitric oxide

IT Wound healing

> (effects of nitric oxide-NSAID vs. a selective COX-2 inhibitor on wound collagen deposition in rats)

TT Collagens, biological studies

Thromboxanes

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

```
(effects of nitric oxide-NSAID vs. a selective COX-2 inhibitor on wound
        collagen deposition in rats)
IT
    Anti-inflammatory agents
        (nonsteroidal; effects of nitric oxide-NSAID vs. a selective COX-2
        inhibitor on wound collagen deposition in rats)
                           22204-53-1D, derivs.
     22204-53-1, Naproxen
                                                   169590-42-5, Celecoxib
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or
     effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (effects of nitric oxide-NSAID vs. a selective COX-2 inhibitor on wound
        collagen deposition in rats)
     10102-43-9, Nitrogen oxide (NO), biological studies
IT
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (effects of nitric oxide-NSAID vs. a selective COX-2 inhibitor on wound
        collagen deposition in rats)
     363-24-6, Prostaglandin E2
IT
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (effects of nitric oxide-NSAID vs. a selective COX-2 inhibitor on wound
        collagen deposition in rats)
IT
     39391-18-9, Cyclooxygenase
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (inhibitors; effects of nitric oxide-NSAID vs. a selective COX-2
        inhibitor on wound collagen deposition in rats)
RE.CNT
              THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
(1) Allgayer, H; Gastroenterology 1989, V96, P1290 HCAPLUS
(2) Armstrong, C; Gut 1987, V28, P527 MEDLINE
(3) Barbul, A; J Surg Res 1985, V38, P328 HCAPLUS
(4) Bradford, M; Anal Biochem 1976, V72, P248 HCAPLUS
(5) Chomczynski, P; Anal Biochem 1987, V162, P156 HCAPLUS
(6) Davies, N; Aliment Pharmacol Ther 1997, V11, P69 HCAPLUS
(7) Dvivedi, S; Indian J Exp Biol 1997, V35, P1243 HCAPLUS
(8) Elliott, S; Am J Physiol 1998, V275, PG425 HCAPLUS
(9) Elliott, S; Gastroenterology 1995, V109, P524 HCAPLUS
(10) Ferraz, J; Gastroenterology 1997, V113, P195 HCAPLUS
(11) Hatana, T; Biochim Biophys Acta 1998, V1403, P189
(12) Hawkey, C; Lancet 1999, V353, P307 HCAPLUS
(13) Haws, M; Ann Plast Surg 1996, V37, P147 MEDLINE
(14) Konturek, S; Eur J Pharmacol 1993, V239, P215 HCAPLUS
(15) Lu, K; Cornea 1996, V15, P185 MEDLINE
(16) Lund, J; Dis Colon Rectum 1997, V40, P468 MEDLINE
(17) Mizuno, H; Gastroenterology 1997, V112, P387 HCAPLUS
(18) Muscara, M; J Chromatogr B Biomed Appl 1996, V686, P157 HCAPLUS
(19) Muscara, M; Life Sci 1998, V62, PPL235 HCAPLUS
(20) Reuter, B; J Clin Invest 1996, V98, P2076 HCAPLUS
(21) Roth, S; Arch Intern Med 1989, V149, P775 MEDLINE
(22) Schaffer, M; Eur J Surg 1999, V165, P262 MEDLINE
(23) Schaffer, M; J Immunol 1997, V158, P2375 MEDLINE
(24) Schaffer, M; J Surg Res 1996, V63, P237 HCAPLUS
(25) Schmassmann, A; Br J Pharmacol 1998, V123, P795 HCAPLUS
(26) Seifter, E; Surgery 1978, V84, P224 HCAPLUS
(27) Talwar, M; Ann Clin Lab Sci 1996, V26, P451 HCAPLUS
(28) Thornton, F; Biochem Biophys Res Commun 1998, V246, P654 HCAPLUS
(29) Wallace, J; Br J Pharmacol 1999, V126, P1200 HCAPLUS
(30) Wallace, J; Eur J Pharmacol 1994, V257, P249 HCAPLUS
(31) Wallace, J; Gastroenterology 1992, V102, P18 HCAPLUS
(32) Wallace, J; Gastroenterology 1994, V107, P173 HCAPLUS
(33) Wallace, J; Gastroenterology 1997, V112, P1000 HCAPLUS
(34) Woessner, J; Arch Biochem Biophys 1961, V93, P440 HCAPLUS
L17 ANSWER 8 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
```

1999:257300 HCAPLUS

```
DN
     131:97177
ED
     Entered STN: 27 Apr 1999
    Nitric oxide-releasing NSAIDs inhibit interleukin-18 converting
TT
     enzyme-like cysteine proteases and protect endothelial cells from
     apoptosis induced by TNFa
AU
     Fiorucci, S.; Santucci, L.; Federici, B.; Antonelli, E.; Distrutti, E.;
     Morelli, O.; Renzo, G. Di; Coata, G.; Cirino, G.; Soldato, P. Del;
     Morelli, A.
     Clinica di Gastroenterologia ed Epatologia, Policlinico Monteluce,
CS
     Perugia, 06100, Italy
    Alimentary Pharmacology and Therapeutics (1999), 13(3), 421-435
SO
     CODEN: APTHEN; ISSN: 0269-2813
PB
     Blackwell Science Ltd.
DT
     Journal
    English
LA
CC
     1-7 (Pharmacology)
     Background: Nitric oxide (NO)-releasing NSAIDs are a new class of NSAID
AB
     derivs. with markedly reduced gastrointestinal toxicity. Although it has
     been demonstrated that NO-NSAIDs spare gastric mucosal blood flow, mol.
     determinants involved in this effect are unknown. Aim: To investigate the
     effect of aspirin, naproxen and flurbiprofen, and their NO-derivs., on
     qastric apoptosis and endothelial cell damage induced by tumor necrosis
     factor-\alpha (TNF\alpha). In other systems, TNF\alpha-induced
     apoptosis is mediated by caspases, a growing family of cysteine proteases
     similar to the IL-1$ converting enzyme (ICE), and so we have
     investigated whether NO-NSAIDs modulate ICE-like endopeptidases. Methods:
     Rats were treated orally with aspirin, naproxen and flurbiprofen, or their
     NO-releasing derivs. in equimolar doses, and were killed 3 h later to
     assess mucosal damage and caspase activity. Endothelial cells (HUVECs)
     were obtained from human umbilical cord by enzymic digestion. Caspase 1
     and 3 activities were measured by a fluorimetric assay using selective
     peptides as substrates and inhibitors. Apoptosis was quantified by ELISA
     specific for histone-associated DNA fragments and by the terminal transferase
     nick-end translation method (TUNEL). Results: In vivo NSAID
     administration caused a time-dependent increase in gastric mucosal damage
     and caspase activity. NCX-4016, NO-naproxen and NO-flurbiprofen did not
     cause any mucosal damage and prevented cysteine protease activation.
     NSAIDs and NO-NSAIDs stimulated TNFa release. Exposure to
     TNFα resulted in a time- and concentration-dependent HUVEC apoptosis, an
     effect that was prevented by pretreating the cells with NCX-4016,
     NO-naproxen, NO-flurbiprofen, SNP or Z-VAD.FMK, a pan-caspase inhibitor.
     The activation of ICE-like cysteine proteases was required to mediate
     TNFα-induced apoptosis of HUVECs. Exogenous NO donors inhibited
     TNF\alpha-induced cysteine protease activation. Inhibition of caspase
     activity was due to S-nitrosylation of ICE/CPP32-like proteases.
     NO-NSAIDs prevented IL-1$\beta$ release from endotoxin-stimulated
     macrophages. Conclusions: NO-releasing NSAIDs are a new class of
     non-peptide caspase inhibitors. Inhibition of ICE-like cysteine proteases
     prevents endothelial cell damage induced by pro-inflammatory agents and
     might contribute to the gastro-protective effects of NO-NSAIDs.
ST
     nitric oxide NSAID gastrointestinal toxicity; cysteine protease nitric
     oxide NSAID; endothelial apoptosis TNFalpha nitric oxide NSAID
IT
     Apoptosis
        (NO-releasing NSAIDs inhibit interleukin-1$\beta$ converting enzyme-like
        cysteine proteases and protect endothelial cells from apoptosis induced
        by TNFα)
IT
     Interleukin 18
     Tumor necrosis factors
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
     (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (NO-releasing NSAIDs inhibit interleukin-1ß converting enzyme-like
        cysteine proteases and protect endothelial cells from apoptosis induced
        by TNFa)
IT
     Blood vessel
        (endothelium; NO-releasing NSAIDs inhibit interleukin-1B
```

Search done by Noble Jarrell

converting enzyme-like cysteine proteases and protect endothelial cells

from apoptosis induced by TNFa) IT Stomach, disease (mucosa, injury; NO-releasing NSAIDs inhibit interleukin-1B converting enzyme-like cysteine proteases and protect endothelial cells from apoptosis induced by TNFa) Anti-inflammatory agents (nonsteroidal; NO-releasing NSAIDs inhibit interleukin-1β TT converting enzyme-like cysteine proteases and protect endothelial cells from apoptosis induced by $TNF\alpha$) IT Digestive tract (toxicity; NO-releasing NSAIDs inhibit interleukin-1 β converting enzyme-like cysteine proteases and protect endothelial cells from apoptosis induced by TNFa) 50-78-2, Aspirin 5104-49-4, Flurbiprofen IT 22204-53-1, Naproxen 158836-71-6, Nitroflurbiprofen 163133-43-5 175033-36-0, NCX 4016 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (NO-releasing NSAIDs inhibit interleukin-1ß converting enzyme-like cysteine proteases and protect endothelial cells from apoptosis induced by TNFa) TT 9001-92-7, Endopeptidase 169592-56-7, Caspase 3 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (NO-releasing NSAIDs inhibit interleukin-1\beta converting enzyme-like cysteine proteases and protect endothelial cells from apoptosis induced by TNFα) IT 10102-43-9, Nitric oxide, biological studies 37353-41-6, Cysteine 122191-40-6, Interleukin-1β converting enzyme protease RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (NO-releasing NSAIDs inhibit interleukin-1\$\beta\$ converting enzyme-like cysteine proteases and protect endothelial cells from apoptosis induced by TNFa) THERE ARE 51 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT 51 RE (1) Andrews, F; Am J Physiol 1994, V266, PG657 HCAPLUS (2) Appleyard, C; Am J Physiol 1996, V270, PG42 HCAPLUS (3) Azumi, T; Lab Invest 1994, V51, P206 (4) Bombeli, T; Blood 1997, V84, P2429 (5) Chinnaiyan, A; Cell 1995, V81, P505 HCAPLUS (6) Chinnaiyan, A; J Biol Chem 1996, V271, P4573 HCAPLUS (7) Chinnaiyan, A; J Biol Chem 1996, V271, P4961 HCAPLUS (8) Deiss, L; EMBO 1996, V15, P3861 HCAPLUS (9) Dimmeler, S; Eur J Pharmacol 1995, V287, P257 HCAPLUS (10) Dimmeler, S; J Exp Med 1997, V185, P601 HCAPLUS (11) Dinarello, C; Blood 1996, V87, P2095 HCAPLUS (12) Eissner, G; Blood 1995, V86, PA4184 (13) Elliott, S; Gastroenterology 1995, V109, P524 HCAPLUS (14) Enari, M; Nature (London) 1996, V380, P723 HCAPLUS (15) Fiorucci, S; Aliment Pharmacol Ther 1997, V11, P671(16) Fiorucci, S; Aliment Pharmacol Ther 1998, V12, P1139 HCAPLUS (17) Fiorucci, S; Gastroenterology 1995, V109, P1214 HCAPLUS (18) Fiorucci, S; Gastroenterology 1998, V114, PG500 (19) Gaboury, J; Am J Physiol 1993, V266, PH862 (20) Genaro, A; J Clin Invest 1995, V95, P1884 HCAPLUS (21) Haimovitz-Friedman, A; Cancer Res 1994, V54, P2591 HCAPLUS (22) Jaffe, E; J Clin Invest 1973, V52, P2745 MEDLINE (23) James, M; Proteins Struct Funct Genet 1988, V4, P190 (24) Kohler, T; Circ Res 1991, V69, P1557 MEDLINE (25) Komiyama, T; J Biol Chem 1994, V269, P19331 HCAPLUS (26) Lee, M; Am J Physiol 1992, V26, PG920 (27) Malek, A; J Hypertension 1994, V12, P989 HCAPLUS (28) Mannick, J; Cell 1994, V79, P1137 HCAPLUS (29) Moncada, S; Pharmacol Rev 1991, V43, P109 HCAPLUS

(30) Nagy, L; J Clin Invest 1996, V98, P1047 HCAPLUS

- (31) Nerem, R; J Cardiovasc Pharmacol 1993, V21, P6
- (32) Nicholson, D; Nature 1995, V376, P37 HCAPLUS
- (33) Polunovsky, V; Exp Cell Res 1994, V214, P584 HCAPLUS
- (34) Robaye, B; Am J Pathol 1991, V138, P447 HCAPLUS
- (35) Rosl, F; Nucleic Acids Res 1992, V20, P5243 MEDLINE
- (36) Salvesen, G; Cell 1997, V91, P443 HCAPLUS
- (37) Santucci, L; Gastroenterology 1995, V108, P393 HCAPLUS
- (38) Santucci, L; Gut 1994, V35, P909 HCAPLUS
- (39) Schmidt, H; Cell 1994, V78, P919 HCAPLUS
- (40) Steller, H; Science (Washington DC) 1995, V267, P1445 HCAPLUS
- (41) Surh, C; Nature 1994, V372, P100 HCAPLUS(42) Tewari, M; Cell 1995, V81, P801 HCAPLUS
- (43) Thornberry, N; Methods Enzymol 1994, V244, P615 HCAPLUS
- (44) Thornberry, N; Nature (London) 1992, V356, P768 HCAPLUS
- (45) Varani, J; Shock 1994, V2, P311 MEDLINE
- (46) Wallace, J; Am J Physiol 1990, V259, PG462 HCAPLUS
- (47) Wallace, J; Eur J Pharmacol 1994, V257, P249 HCAPLUS
- (48) Wallace, J; Gastroenterology 1991, V100, P878 HCAPLUS
- (49) Wallace, J; J Clin Invest 1995, V96, P2711 HCAPLUS
- (50) Yoshida, N; Gastroenterology 1993, V105, P715 MEDLINE
- (51) Young-Myeong, K; J Biol Chem 1997, V272, P31138
- 163133-43-5

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(NO-releasing NSAIDs inhibit interleukin-1ß converting enzyme-like cysteine proteases and protect endothelial cells from apoptosis induced by $TNF\alpha$)

RN 163133-43-5 HCAPLUS

2-Naphthaleneacetic acid, 6-methoxy- α -methyl-, 4-(nitrooxy)butyl CN ester, (as) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

- L17 ANSWER 9 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- 1998:181750 HCAPLUS AN
- DN 128:303783
- Entered STN: 28 Mar 1998 ED
- Effect of a nitric oxide-releasing naproxen derivative on hypertension and gastric damage induced by chronic nitric oxide inhibition in the rat
- ΑU Muscara, Marcelo N.; McKnight, Webb; Del Soldato, Piero; Wallance, John L.
- Dep. Pharmacology and Therapeutics, Univ. Calgary, Calgary, AB, Can. CS
- Life Sciences (1998), 62(15), PL235-PL240 SO
- CODEN: LIFSAK; ISSN: 0024-3205
- PB Elsevier Science Inc.
- DTJournal
- LΑ English
- CC 1-7 (Pharmacology)
- NSAIDs can elevate blood pressure through mechanisms such as renal AB vasoconstriction and sodium retention. These effects are particularly evident in hypertensive individuals. Nitric oxide-releasing NSAID derivs. have been shown to have greatly reduced toxicity in the gastrointestinal tract and kidney. We therefore evaluated the effects of a 4 wk treatment with either naproxen or its nitric oxide-releasing derivative (NO-naproxen) on systemic arterial blood pressure and gastric damage in rats in which hypertension was induced by L-NAME. Rats received either L-NAME dissolved

in the drinking water (400 mg/L) or tap water (control). Vehicle, naproxen (10 mg/kg) or an equimolar dose of NO-naproxen (14.5 mg/kg) were administered orally each day. After 4 wk, blood pressure was measured, blood samples were taken for measurement of thromboxane synthesis, and gastric damage was evaluated by blind, macroscopic scoring. Both naproxen and NO-naproxen inhibited systemic cyclooxygenase activity by >90%. NO-naproxen-treated rats exhibited no significant gastric damage. The gastric damage produced by L-NAME alone was potentiated by naproxen but prevented by NO-naproxen. L-NAME treatment significantly increased blood pressure. In the absence of L-NAME, the naproxen group had significantly higher blood pressure than both the control and NO-naproxen groups. IN rats receiving L-NAME, the same conclusions apply, but the concomitant administration of NO-naproxen was able to significantly reduce the blood pressure compared to L-NAME alone. Based on these results, we conclude that NO-naproxen may represent a safer alternative to standard NSAIDs in the treatment of inflammatory conditions in hypertensive patients.

ST NSAID nitric oxide hypertension naproxen antiinflammatory

IT Blood pressure

Hypertension

(adverse effects of NSAID NO-naproxen as antiinflammatory agent for hypertensive patients)

IT Stomach, disease

Stomach, disease

(injury; adverse effects of NSAID NO-naproxen as antiinflammatory agent for hypertensive patients)

IT Anti-inflammatory agents

(nonsteroidal; adverse effects of NSAID NO-naproxen as antiinflammatory agent for hypertensive patients)

IT 22204-53-1, Naproxen 163133-43-5

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(adverse effects of NSAID NO-naproxen as antiinflammatory agent for hypertensive patients)

IT 10102-43-9, Nitric oxide, biological studies

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(adverse effects of NSAID NO-naproxen as antiinflammatory agent for hypertensive patients)

RE.CNT 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE

- (1) Abe, K; Clin Endocrinol Metab 1981, V10, P577 HCAPLUS
- (2) Baylis, C; J Clin Invest 1992, V90, P278 HCAPLUS
- (3) Bhardwaj, R; Eur J Pharmacol 1988, V157, P83 HCAPLUS
- (4) Davies, N; Aliment Pharmacol Ther 1997, V11, P69 HCAPLUS
- (5) Gerber, J; Ann Intern Med 1983, V99, P555 MEDLINE
- (6) Greenblatt, E; J Cardiovasc Pharmacol 1993, V21, P235 HCAPLUS
- (7) Houston, M; Am J Med 1991, V90(suppl 5A), P42S
- (8) Ignarro, L; Circ Res 1987, V61, P866 HCAPLUS
- (9) Ku, D; Science 1982, V218, P576 HCAPLUS
- (10) Kubes, P; Proc Natl Acad Sci USA 1991, V88, P4651 HCAPLUS
- (11) Lahera, V; Am J Physiol 1991, V261, PF1033 HCAPLUS
- (12) Murad, F; Adv Cyclic Nucleotide Res 1978, V9, P145 HCAPLUS
- (13) Oates, J; New Eng J Med 1988, V319, P761 HCAPLUS
- (14) Palmer, R; Nature 1987, V327, P524 HCAPLUS
- (15) Patrono, C; Kidney Int 1987, V32, P1 HCAPLUS
- (16) Pope, J; Arch Intern Med 1993, V153, P477 MEDLINE
- (17) Radomski, M; Br J Pharmacol 1987, V92, P639 HCAPLUS
- (18) Reuter; Life Sci 1994, V55, PPL1 HCAPLUS
- (19) Ribeiro, M; Hypertension 1992, V20, P298 HCAPLUS
- (20) Shimokawa, H; Am Coll Cardiol 1989, V13, P1402 HCAPLUS
- (21) Shimokawa, H; Circ Res 1989, V64, P900 HCAPLUS
- (22) Walder, C; Br J Pharmacol 1992, V107, P476 HCAPLUS
- (23) Wallace, J; Aliment Pharmacol Ther 1995, V9, P227 HCAPLUS
- (24) Wallace, J; Can J Gastroenterol 1996, V10, P451 MEDLINE
- (25) Wallace, J; Eur J Pharmacol 1985, V115, P45 HCAPLUS

- (26) Wallace, J; Eur J Pharmacol 1994, V257, P249 HCAPLUS
- (27) Wallace, J; Gastroenterology 1994, V107, P173 HCAPLUS
- (28) Wallace, J; J Clin Invest 1995, V96, P2711 HCAPLUS
- (29) Zatz, R; Lab Anim Sci 1990, V42, P198

163133-43-5

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(adverse effects of NSAID NO-naproxen as antiinflammatory agent for hypertensive patients)

RN 163133-43-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Naphthaleneacetic acid, 6-methoxy-α-methyl-, 4-(nitrooxy)butyl ester, (as) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

ANSWER 10 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN L17

AN 1997:180246 HCAPLUS

DN 126:220449

ED Entered STN: 17 Mar 1997

TT NO-naproxen vs. naproxen: ulcerogenic, analgesic and anti-inflammatory effects

Davies, N. M.; Roseth, A. G.; Appleyard, C. B.; Mcknight, W.; Del Soldato, ΑU P.; Calignano, A.; Cirino, G.; Wallace, J. L.

CS Intestinal Disease Research Unit, Faculty of Medicine, University of Calgary, Calgary, AB, Can.

so Alimentary Pharmacology and Therapeutics (1997), 11(1), 69-79 CODEN: APTHEN; ISSN: 0269-2813

PB Blackwell

DTJournal

LΑ English

CC 1-7 (Pharmacology)

AB Studies were performed to determine if naproxen nitroxybutyl ester [NO-releasing naproxen (NO-naproxen)] was less ulcerogenic to the gastrointestinal tract than the parent naproxen, and if it exerted comparable analgesic and anti-inflammatory activities. The 2 drugs were compared in an acute gastric injury model, an antral ulcer model and after twice-daily administration for 18 days (small intestinal damage model) in rats. Anti-inflammatory activity was examined in the carrageenan-induced paw edema model in rats, while analgesia was examined in the HOAc-induced writhing model in mice. The pharmacokinetic profiles of naproxen vs. NO-naproxen were compared by HPLC. NO-naproxen produced less gastric damage than naproxen, despite inducing similar increases in plasma tumor necrosis factor-α. With chronic administration, small intestinal damage was markedly less with NO-naproxen than with the parent drug. However, NO-naproxen exerted analgesic effects superior to those of naproxen, and comparable anti-inflammatory effects. NO-naproxen was not completely converted to naproxen, but the lower plasma level of naproxen formed from NO-naproxen was not the underlying reason for the lower gastrointestinal toxicity of NO-naproxen. NO-naproxen represents a novel, gastrointestinal-sparing nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug with superior analgesic effects and comparable anti-inflammatory properties to those of naproxen.

ST naproxen deriv antiinflammatory analgesic ulcer induction; nonsteroidal antiinflammatory naproxen deriv

TΤ Intestine, disease

Intestine, disease Stomach, disease Stomach, disease (injury; naproxen nitroxybutyl ester and naproxen induction of) IT Analgesics (naproxen nitroxybutyl ester and naproxen comparison as) TT Ulcer (naproxen nitroxybutyl ester and naproxen induction of) IT Tumor necrosis factors RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (naproxen nitroxybutyl ester and naproxen induction of qastric damage in relation to production of) TT Anti-inflammatory agents (nonsteroidal; naproxen nitroxybutyl ester and naproxen comparison as) TT 163133-43-5 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (ulcerogenic, analgesic and anti-inflammatory effects of) IT 22204-53-1, Naproxen RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (ulcerogenic, analgesic and anti-inflammatory effects of naproxen nitroxybutyl ester in comparison with those of) TT 163133-43-5 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (ulcerogenic, analgesic and anti-inflammatory effects of) RN 163133-43-5 HCAPLUS CN 2-Naphthaleneacetic acid, 6-methoxy-α-methyl-, 4-(nitrooxy)butyl ester, (as) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

$$(CH_2)_4 \circ NO_2$$

ANSWER 11 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN L17 AN 1996:333513 HCAPLUS DN 125:25397 ED Entered STN: 08 Jun 1996 TI Nitric oxide-releasing NSAIDs, a novel class of safe and effective anti-inflammatory agents ΑU Del Soldato, P.; Cuzzolin, L.; Adami, A.; Conforti, A.; Crivellente, F.; CS Policlinico Borgo Roma, University of Verona, Verona, 37134, Italy SO Inflammopharmacology (1996), 4(2), 181-188 CODEN: IAOAES; ISSN: 0925-4692 PB Kluwer DT Journal; General Review LА English CC 1-0 (Pharmacology) AΒ A review with 19 refs. The pharmacotoxicol, profile were reported for three new nitro-anti-inflammatory agents, nitrofenac, nitronaproxen and nitroflurbiprofen with the following results: in models of acute (carrageenan edema) and chronic (adjuvant arthritis)

inflammation in the rat, the nitro derivs., compared with the parent drugs, showed similar anti-inflammatory properties by significantly inhibiting both edema volume and arthritis development. The nitroso compds. showed markedly less ulcerogenic activity compared with the parent drugs both in acute conditions and at the end of the chronic inflammation test. The lack of gastrointestinal damage observed with these new anti-inflammatory drugs is the consequence of their ability to release NO. This hypothesis is supported by pharmacokinetic studies and a significant increase in nitrite/nitrate plasma levels.

ST review nonsteroidal antiinflammatory agent

IT Inflammation inhibitors

(nonsteroidal; nitric oxide-releasing nonsteroidal antiinflammatory
agents)

IT 10102-43-9, Nitric oxide, biological studies

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (nitric oxide-releasing nonsteroidal antiinflammatory agents)

IT 156661-01-7, Nitrofenac 158836-71-6, Nitroflurbiprofen

163133-43-5, Nitronaproxen

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (nitric oxide-releasing nonsteroidal antiinflammatory agents)

IT 163133-43-5, Nitronaproxen

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (nitric oxide-releasing nonsteroidal antiinflammatory agents)

RN 163133-43-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Naphthaleneacetic acid, 6-methoxy- α -methyl-, 4-(nitrooxy)butyl ester, (α S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{Me} \\
\text{O}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{CH}_2
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{NO}_2
\end{array}$$

L17 ANSWER 12 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1996:253443 HCAPLUS

DN 124:332273

ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 1996

TI Inhibition of inducible nitric oxide synthase expression by novel nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory derivatives with gastrointestinal-sparing properties

AU Cirino, G.; Wheeler-Jones, C. P. D.; Wallace, J. L.; Del Soldato, P.; Baydoun, A. R.

CS Vascular Biology Research Centre, King's College, London, W8 7AH, UK

SO British Journal of Pharmacology (1996), 117(7), 1421-6 CODEN: BJPCBM; ISSN: 0007-1188

PB Stockton

DT Journal

LA English

CC 1-7 (Pharmacology)

The effects of novel nitric oxide-releasing nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory compds. (NO-NSAIDs) on induction of nitric oxide (NO) synthase by bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS) were examined in a murine cultured macrophage cell line, J774. LPS-induced nitrite production was markedly attenuated by the nitroxybutyl ester derivs. of flurbiprofen (FNBE), aspirin, ketoprofen, diclofenac and ketorolac, with each compound reducing accumulated nitrite levels by >40% at the maximum concns. (100 µg ml-1) used. Further examination revealed that nitrite production was inhibited in a concentration-dependent (1-100 µg ml-1) manner by FNBE which at 100 µg ml-1 decreased LPS stimulated levels by 63.3±8.6% (n=7). The parent compound flurbiprofen was relatively ineffective over the same concentration-range,

```
inhibiting nitrite accumulation by 24±0.9% (n=3) at the maximum concentration
used (100 µg ml-1). FNBE reduced LPS-induced nitrite production when added
to cells up to 4 h after LPS. Thereafter, FNBE caused very little or no
reduction in nitrite levels. Furthermore NO-NSAIDs (100 µg ml-1) did not
inhibit the metabolism of L-[3H]-arginine to citrulline by NO synthase
isolated from LPS-activated macrophages. Western blot anal. demonstrated
that NO synthase expression was markedly attenuated following
co-incubation of J774 cell with LPS (1 \mu g ml-1; 24 h) and FNBE
(100µg ml-1; 24 h). Thus taken together, these findings indicate that
NO-NSAIDs inhibit induction of NO synthase without directly affecting
enzyme activity. In conclusion our results indicate that NO-NSAIDs can
inhibit the inducible L-arginine-NO pathway, and are capable of
suppressing NO synthesis by inhibiting expression of NO synthase.
clin. implications of these findings remain to be established.
nitric oxide synthase inhibition nonsteroid antiinflammatory
Lipopolysaccharides
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
   (bacterial; inhibition of inducible nitric oxide synthase expression by
   novel nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory derivs. with gastrointestinal-
   sparing properties)
Digestive tract
   (inhibition of inducible nitric oxide synthase expression by novel
   nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory derivs. with gastrointestinal-sparing
   properties)
Inflammation inhibitors
   (nonsteroidal, inhibition of inducible nitric oxide synthase expression
   by novel nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory derivs. with
   gastrointestinal-sparing properties)
74-79-3, L-Arginine, biological studies
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
   (-NO pathway; inhibition of inducible nitric oxide synthase expression
   by novel nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory derivs. with
   gastrointestinal-sparing properties)
10102-43-9, Nitric oxide, biological studies
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
   (-arginine pathway; inhibition of inducible nitric oxide synthase
   expression by novel nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory derivs. with
   gastrointestinal-sparing properties)
156661-01-7
              156970-83-1
                            158836-71-6 163133-43-5
164790-48-1
              171781-26-3
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
   (inhibition of inducible nitric oxide synthase expression by novel
   nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory derivs. with gastrointestinal-sparing
   properties)
125978-95-2, Nitric oxide synthase
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
(Biological study); PROC (Process)
   (inhibition of inducible nitric oxide synthase expression by novel
   nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory derivs. with gastrointestinal-sparing
   properties) .
163133-43-5
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
   (inhibition of inducible nitric oxide synthase expression by novel
   nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory derivs. with gastrointestinal-sparing
  properties)
163133-43-5 HCAPLUS
2-Naphthaleneacetic acid, 6-methoxy-\alpha-methyl-, 4-(nitrooxy)butyl
ester, (as) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

Absolute stereochemistry.

ST

IT

IT

IT

IT

IT

TT

IT

IT

RN

CN

L17 ANSWER 13 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1995:498682 HCAPLUS

DN 122:281711

ED Entered STN: 20 Apr 1995

TI Anti-inflammatory potency and gastrointestinal toxicity of a new compound, nitronaproxen

AU Cuzzolin, L.; Conforti, A.; Adami, A.; Lussignoli, S.; Menestrina, F.; Del Soldato, P.; Benoni, G.

CS Institute of Pharmacology, University of Verona, Verona, 37134, Italy

Ι

SO Pharmacological Research (1995), 31(1), 61-5

CODEN: PHMREP; ISSN: 1043-6618

DT Journal

LA English

CC 1-7 (Pharmacology)

GI

AB Naproxen and its derivative nitronaproxen (I) at the doses of 5 and 10 mg kg-1 were compared for their acute anti-inflammatory efficacy in a carrageenan edema model and gastrointestinal toxicity in rats. Moreover, the effects of the two drugs were evaluated in the adjuvant arthritis, after chronic doses of 4 and 8 mg kg-1 administered orally for 18 days. The edema reduction was maintained much longer (until 5 h) with nitronaproxen; the inhibition of arthritis was 50% or more with both doses of the examined drugs. From the histol. examination of the stomachs, an extensive mucosal vasocongestion and hemorrhagic lesions have been observed in some rats treated with naproxen. The percentages of animals with ulcers were 50, 100 and 10 with naproxen 6 and 18 mg kg-1 and nitronaproxen 54 mg kg-1, resp. A better gastrointestinal tolerability has been observed in arthritic and edemic rats treated with nitronaproxen compared to naproxen: this could be due to the presence of nitric oxide that acts in maintaining the tissue perfusion and integrity.

ST naproxen nitronaproxen antiinflammatory gastrointestinal toxicity

IT Digestive tract

Inflammation inhibitors

(anti-inflammatory activity and gastrointestinal toxicity of naproxen and nitronaproxen)

IT 22204-53-1, Naproxen 163133-43-5, Nitronaproxen

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(anti-inflammatory activity and gastrointestinal toxicity of naproxen and nitronaproxen)

IT 163133-43-5, Nitronaproxen

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU

Absolute stereochemistry.

=> b home FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:06:38 ON 16 JUN 2005

- <

=> d his full

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:29:10 ON 16 JUN 2005)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:31:13 ON 16 JUN 2005

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:31:15 ON 16 JUN 2005 L2 TRA L1 1- RN : 4 TERMS

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:31:15 ON 16 JUN 2005 L3 4 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L2

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 09:31:16 ON 16 JUN 2005 L4 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (US2005119339 OR US6700011)/PN OR (IT1999-M I1753# OR WO2000-EP7222#)/AP,PRN

=> b hcap FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:31:43 ON 16 JUN 2005 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 16 Jun 2005 VOL 142 ISS 25 FILE LAST UPDATED: 15 Jun 2005 (20050615/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> d all11 tot

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'WPIX' - CONTINUE? (Y) /N:n

=> d all 11 tot

- L1 ANSWER 1 OF 1 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 2001:115100 HCAPLUS
- DN 134:178355
- ED Entered STN: 15 Feb 2001
- TI Process for the preparation of naproxene nitroxyalkyl esters
- IN Benedini, Francesca; Oldani, Erminio; Castaldi, Graziano; Tarquini, Antonio
- PA Nicox S.A., Fr.
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 16 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent
- LA English
- IC ICM C07C203-04
- CC $\,$ 25-24 (Benzene, Its Derivatives, and Condensed Benzenoid Compounds) FAN.CNT $\,$ 1

```
PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                               DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                                 DATE
     -----
                               -----
                                           -----
                        ----
ΡI
    WO 2001010814
                        A1
                               20010215 WO 2000-EP7222 20000727 <--
         W: AE, AL, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, CA, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DM, EE, GD, GE,
            HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KP, KR, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MA, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI, SK, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
             DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ,
             CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                               20010215 CA 2000-2380116
    CA 2380116
                         AA
                                                                  20000727 <--
     EP 1200386
                         A1
                               20020502
                                           EP 2000-951456
                                                                  20000727 <--
    EP 1200386
                         B1
                               20031001
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL; SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL
    TR 200200290
                     T2
                               20020521
                                           TR 2002-200200290
                                                                  20000727 <--
                                           BR 2000-12915
     BR 2000012915
                               20020604
                                                                  20000727 <--
                         Α
     JP 2003506425
                         Т2
                               20030218
                                           JP 2001-515282
                                                                  20000727 <--
                       E
    AT 251109
                                           AT 2000-951456
                               20031015
                                                                  20000727 <--
    EP 1384707
                        A1
                               20040128
                                           EP 2003-102132
                                                                  20000727 <--
                        B1
                               20050608
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, LT, FI, CY
     PT 1200386
                               20040227
                                           PT 2000-951456
                                                                  20000727 <--
                        Т3
                               20040616 ES 2000-951456
    ES 2208390
                                                                  20000727 <--
                       B2
    AU 778694
                               20041216 AU 2000-64385
                                                                 20000727 <--
     RU 2248348
                       C2
                               20050320 RU 2002-102860
                                                                 20000727 <--
                        A 20030818
B1 20040302
A 20020201
A 20040211
     ZA 2002000478
                               20030818 ZA 2002-478
                                                                 20020118 <--
                       Α
                                                                 20020118 <--
     US 6700011
                                           US 2002-31412
     NO 2002000515
                                           NO 2002-515
                                                                  20020201 <--
                                          ZA 2003-4525
     ZA 2003004525
                                                                 20030610 <--
                        A1 20050602 US 2003-625558
    US 2005119339
                                                                20030724 <--
PRAI IT 1999-MI1753
EP 2000-951456
WO 2000-EP7222
                        A
                              19990804 <--
                         A3
                               20000727
                         W
                               20000727
                                         <--
    US 2002-31412
                         A3
                               20020118
CLASS
                CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
                ----
 -----
 WO 2001010814
                ICM
                       C07C203-04
                      C07C203/04
 WO 2001010814
                ECLA
                                                                           <--
                ECLA C07C203/04
 EP 1384707
                                                                           <--
                       558/482.000
 US 6700011
                NCL
                ECLA C07C203/04
                                                                           <--
                       514/510.000; 558/482.000
 US 2005119339
                NCL
                                                                           <--
     CASREACT 134:178355; MARPAT 134:178355
os
     A process for obtaining nitroxyalkyl esters of the 2-(S)-(6-methoxy-2-
AB
     naphthyl)propanoic acid having an enantiomeric excess higher than or equal
     to 95 %, preferably higher than or equal to 98 %, was characterized in
     that a halide of the 2-(S)-(6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)propanoic acid of formula
     A-Hal, wherein A is the acid acyl residue, is reacted in an inert organic
     solvent with an aliphatic nitroxyalkanol HO-Y-ONO2, wherein Y is a C2-C20
     alkylene or a cycloalkylene from 3 to 8 carbon atoms, or an alkylene as
     defined containing a cycloalkylene as defined, in the presence of an inorg.
     base. E.g., to a solution of 4-nitroxybutan-1-ol and K2CO3 in
     dichloromethane is added 2-(S)-(6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)propanoic acid
     chloride. to give the 4-nitroxybutyl ester of 2-(S)-(6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)-
     propanoic acid (85%, ee 98%).
     naproxene nitroxyalkyl ester prepn; naproxen nitroxyalkyl ester prepn
ST
TT
     163133-43-5P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (preparation of naproxene nitroxyalkyl esters)
IT
     22204-53-1, Naproxen 22911-39-3 51091-84-0
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation of naproxene nitroxyalkyl esters)
```

```
RE.CNT 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE
```

- (1) Hoechst Marion Roussel Inc; FR 2757159 A 1998 HCAPLUS
- (2) Italfarmaco Spa; WO 9201668 A 1992 HCAPLUS
- (3) Nicox Ltd; WO 9509831 A 1995 HCAPLUS
- (4) Nicox Ltd; WO 9530641 A 1995 HCAPLUS
- (5) Nicox Sa; WO 9716405 A 1997 HCAPLUS

=> b reg

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:31:54 ON 16 JUN 2005 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 15 JUN 2005 HIGHEST RN 852355-71-6 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 15 JUN 2005 HIGHEST RN 852355-71-6

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 18, 2005

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

=> d ide 13 tot

- L3 ANSWER 1 OF 4 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- RN 163133-43-5 REGISTRY
- ED Entered STN: 19 May 1995
- CN 2-Naphthaleneacetic acid, 6-methoxy- α -methyl-, 4-(nitrooxy)butyl ester, (α S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 2-Naphthaleneacetic acid, 6-methoxy-α-methyl-, 4-(nitrooxy)butyl ester, (S)-

OTHER NAMES:

- CN (S)-2-(6-Methoxy-2-naphthyl)propanoic acid 4-nitrooxybutyl ester
- CN AZD 3582
- CN HCT 3012
- CN Nitronaproxen
- FS STEREOSEARCH
- MF C18 H21 N O6
- SR CA
- LC STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CIN, EMBASE, IMSDRUGNEWS, IMSRESEARCH, PHAR, PROMT, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry.

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

25 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
26 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

L3 ANSWER 2 OF 4 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 51091-84-0 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984

CN 2-Naphthaleneacetyl chloride, 6-methoxy- α -methyl-, (α S)- (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 2-Naphthaleneacetyl chloride, 6-methoxy- α -methyl-, (S)-

OTHER NAMES:

CN (+)-Naproxen acid chloride

CN (2S)-2-(6-Methoxy(2-naphthyl)propanoyl chloride

CN (S)-2-(6-Methoxynaphth-2-yl)propionyl chloride

CN (S)-Naproxen chloride

CN d-2-(6-Methoxy-2-naphthyl)propionyl chloride

CN Naproxen acid chloride

CN Naproxen chloride

CN S-(+)-Naproxen chloride

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C14 H13 Cl O2

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

75 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

75 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

L3 ANSWER 3 OF 4 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 22911-39-3 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984

CN 1,4-Butanediol, mononitrate (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 1,4-Butylene glycol mononitrate

CN 1-Hydroxy-4-butyl nitrate

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C4 H9 N O4

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

```
HO^-(CH_2)_4 - O^-NO_2
```

```
**PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT**
               12 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
               12 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
L3
     ANSWER 4 OF 4 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
     22204-53-1 REGISTRY
RN
     Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
ED
     2-Naphthaleneacetic acid, 6-methoxy-\alpha-methyl-, (\alphaS)- (9CI)
     (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     2-Naphthaleneacetic acid, 6-methoxy-\alpha-methyl-, (+)- (8CI) 2-Naphthaleneacetic acid, 6-methoxy-\alpha-methyl-, (S)-
CN
OTHER NAMES:
     (+) - (S) - Naproxen
     (+)-2-(6-Methoxy-2-naphthyl)propionic acid
CN
CN
     (+)-6-Methoxy-\alpha-methyl-2-naphthaleneacetic acid
CN
     (+)-Naproxen
     (S)-(+)-2-(6-Methoxy-2-naphthyl)propionic acid
CN
     (S) - (+) -Naproxen
CN
CN
     (S) - (+) -Naproxene
CN
     (S)-2-(6-Methoxy-2-naphthyl)propanoic acid
     (S)-2-(6-Methoxy-2-naphthyl)propionic acid
CN
CN
     (S)-6-Methoxy-\alpha-methyl-2-naphthaleneacetic acid
     (S)-Naproxen
CN
     Apo-Naproxen
CN
CN
     Bonyl
CN
     CG 3117
CN
     d-2-(6-Methoxy-2-naphthyl)propionic acid
CN
     d-Naproxen
CN
     Diocodal
CN
     Dysmenalgit
CN
     Equiproxen
CN
     Floginax
CN
     Laraflex
CN
     Laser
     MNPA
CN
CN
     Naixan
CN
     Napren
CN
     Naprium
CN
     Naprius
CN
     Naprosyn
CN
     Naprosyne
CN
     Naproxen
CN
     Naprux
CN
     Naxen
CN
     Nycopren
CN
     Panoxen
CN
     Prexan
CN
     Proxen
CN
     Proxine
CN
     Reuxen
     RS 3540
CN
CN
     Veradol
CN
     Xenar
FS
     STEREOSEARCH
MF
     C14 H14 O3
CI
     COM
                   ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*,
LC
     STN Files:
       BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB,
```

CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, DDFU, DETHERM*, DIOGENES, DRUGU, EMBASE, HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IMSCOSEARCH, IMSPATENTS, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, PHAR, PROMT, PROUSDDR, PS, RTECS*, SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, ULIDAT, USAN, USPAT2, USPATFULL, VETU

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)
Other Sources: EINECS**, WHO

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

4373 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

178 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

4393 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

=> b wpix

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 09:32:02 ON 16 JUN 2005 COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 THE THOMSON CORPORATION

FILE LAST UPDATED: 13 JUN 2005 <20050613/UP>
MOST RECENT DERWENT UPDATE: 200537 <200537/DW>

DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX SUBSCRIBER FILE, COVERS 1963 TO DATE

>>> FOR A COPY OF THE DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX STN USER GUIDE, PLEASE VISIT:

http://www.stn-international.de/training_center/patents/stn_guide.pdf <<<

- >>> FOR DETAILS OF THE PATENTS COVERED IN CURRENT UPDATES, SEE http://thomsonderwent.com/coverage/latestupdates/ <<<
- >>> FOR INFORMATION ON ALL DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX USER
 GUIDES, PLEASE VISIT:
 http://thomsonderwent.com/support/userguides/ <<</pre>
- >>> NEW! FAST-ALERTING ACCESS TO NEWLY-PUBLISHED PATENT
 DOCUMENTATION NOW AVAILABLE IN DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX
 FIRST VIEW FILE WPIFV.
 FOR FURTHER DETAILS: http://www.thomsonderwent.com/dwpifv <<<
- >>> THE CPI AND EPI MANUAL CODES HAVE BEEN REVISED FROM UPDATE 200501. PLEASE CHECK:

http://thomsonderwent.com/support/dwpiref/reftools/classification/code-revision/
 FOR DETAILS. <<<</pre>

=> d iall 14 tot

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 1 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001-218262 [22] WPIX

DOC. NO. CPI: C2001-065118

TITLE: Preparation of 2-(S)-(6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)-propanoic

acid nitroxyalkylesters (naproxene) comprises reacting a 2-(S)-(6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)-propanoic acid halide with a nitroxyalkanol in the presence of an inorganic base.

DERWENT CLASS:

B05

INVENTOR(S):

BENEDINI, F; CASTALDI, G; OLDANI, E; TARQUINI, A (NICO-N) NICOX SA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (NICO-N) NICOX S

COUNTRY COUNT: 84

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	TENT NO	KINI	DATE				
wo	2001010814	. אם	20010215 (200122)* EN				
							GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ
			SE SL SZ		GB GII	Gin	GR TE TI RE ES ES PO PIC PIW PIZ
					CH CZ	DM	EE GD GE HR HU ID IL IN IS
							NO NZ PL RO SG SI SK TR TT
	UA US UZ						
AU	2000064385	A	20010305	(200130)			C07C203-04
NO	2002000515	Α	20020201	(200232)			C07C203-04
EP	1200386	A1	20020502	(200236)	EN		C07C203-04
	R: AL AT BE	CH	CY DE DK	ES FI FR	GB GR	ΙĖ	IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT
	RO SE SI						
BR	2000012915 2002013974	Α	20020604	(200246)			C07C203-04
KR	2002013974	Α	20020221	(200257)			C07C203-04
CN	1367773 1313596 2002002435 2003506425	Α	20020904	(200281)			C07C203-04
IT	1313596	В	20020909	(200305)			C07C000-00
HU	2002002435	A2	20021128	(200309)			C07C203-04
JP	2003506425	W	20030218	(200315)		14	C07C201-02
EP	1200386	B1	20031001	(200365)	EN		C07C203-04
							LI LT LU MC NL PT RO SE SI
DE	60005682 2002000478	E	20031106	(200381)			C07C203-04
ZA	2002000478	Α	20031029	(200381)		22	C07C000-00
NZ	516699 1384707	Α	20031219	(200404)			C07C203-04
							LI LT LU MC NL PT SE
ບຣ	6700011 2003004525	B1	20040302	(200417)			C07C203-04<
ZA	2003004525	Α	20040428	(200432)		9	C07C000-00
	2208390						
AU	778694	B2	20041216	(200508)			C07C203-04
RU	2248348	C2	20050320	(200521)			C07C203-04 A61K031-21<
US	2005119339	A1	20050602	(200537)			A61K031-21<

APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO		KIN	D		A	PPLICATION	DATE	
WO	2001010814	A1			WO	2000-EP7222	20000727	<
ΑU	2000064385	A			AU	2000-64385	20000727	
NO	2002000515	A			WO	2000-EP7222	20000727	<
					NO	2002-515	20020201	
ΕP	1200386	A1			ΕP	2000-951456	20000727	
					WO	2000-EP7222	20000727	<
BR	2000012915	Α			BR	2000-12915	20000727	
					WO	2000-EP7222	20000727	<
KR	2002013974	A			KR	2002-700946	20020122	
CN	1367773	A			CN	2000-811158	20000727	
IT	1313596	В			ΙT	1999-MI1753	19990804	<
ΗU	2002002435	A2			WO	2000-EP7222	20000727	<
					ΗU	2002-2435	20000727	
JΡ	2003506425	W			WO	2000-EP7222	20000727	<
					JΡ	2001-515282	20000727	
ΕP	1200386	B1			ΕP	2000-951456	20000727	
					WO	2000-EP7222	20000727	<
			Related	to	ΕP	2003-102132	20000727	
DE	60005682	E			DE	2000-00005682	20000727	
					ΕP	2000-951456	20000727	
					WO	2000-EP7222	20000727	<
ZA	2002000478	Α			ZA	2002-478	20020118	
NZ	516699	Α			NZ	2000-516699	20000727	

				WO	2000-EP7222	20000727	<
ΕP	1384707	A1	Div ex	ΕP	2000-951456	20000727	
				ΕP	2003-102132	20000727	
US	6700011	B1		WO	2000-EP7222	20000727	<
				US	2002-31412	20020118	
ZA	2003004525	Α		ZA	2003-4525	20030610	
ES	2208390	Т3		ΕP	2000-951456	20000727	
ΑU	778694	B2		ΑU	2000-64385	20000727	
RU	2248348	C2		WO	2000-EP7222	20000727	<
				RU	2002-102860	20000727	
US	2005119339	A1	Div ex	WO	2000-EP7222	20000727	<
			Div ex	US	2002-31412	20020118	
				US	2003-625558	20030724	

FILING DETAILS:

PATENT NO			KIND				PATENT NO		
	ΑU	2000064385	A	Based on		wo	2001010814		
	ΕP	1200386	A1	Based on		WO	2001010814		
	BR	2000012915	Α	Based on		WO	2001010814		
	HU	2002002435	A2	Based on		WO	2001010814		
	JΡ	2003506425	W	Based on		WO	2001010814		
	ΕP	1200386	B1	Based on		WO	2001010814		
	DE	60005682	E	Based on		ΕP	1200386		
				Based on		WO	2001010814		
	NZ	516699	Α	Based on		WO	2001010814		
	ΕP	1384707	A1	Div ex		ΕP	1200386		
	US	6700011	B1	Based on		WO	2001010814		
	ES	2208390	T3	Based on		ΕP	1200386		
	ΑU	778694	B2	Previous	Publ.	ΑU	2000064385		
				Based on		WO	2001010814		
	RU	2248348	C2	Based on		WO	2001010814		
	US	2005119339	A1	Div ex		US	6700011		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: IT 1999-MI1753

19990804

INT. PATENT CLASSIF.:

MAIN: A61K031-21; C07C000-00; C07C201-02; C07C203-04

ADDITIONAL: C07B053-00; C07B061-00

INDEX: C07M007:00

BASIC ABSTRACT:

WO 200110814 A UPAB: 20010421

NOVELTY - Preparation of nitroxyalkylesters of 2-(S)-(6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)-propanoic acid with an enantiomeric excess greater than 97% comprises reacting a 2-(S)-(6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)-propanoic acid halide with an aliphatic nitroxyalkanol of formula (I) in an inert solvent in the presence of an inorganic base.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A process for preparation of nitroxyalkylesters of 2-(S)-6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)propanoic acid (I) (naproxene) having an enantiomeric excess higher than or equal to 97% comprises reaction of a 2-(S)-(6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)-propanoic acid halide with an aliphatic nitroxyalkanol of formula (II) in an inert solvent in the presence of an inorganic base.

```
A-O-Y-ONO2 HO-Y-ONO2
```

(I) (II)

Y = 1-20C alkylene, 3-8C cycloalkylene (optionally substituted by 1-2 of 1-20C alkylene and/or 1 or more 1-20C alkyl), 5-6C aromatic (optionally substituted by 1-2 of 1-20C alkylene and/or 1 or more 1-20C alkyl or COOH), -(T)p-(CH(CH2ONO2)-CH2O)nf'-(T)-;

```
T = 1-20C alkylene;
```

p = 0 - 1;

nf' = 1 - 6; and

A = acyl residue of the acid.

USE - The process is useful for giving naproxene nitroxyalkylesters

in high enantiomeric excess.

ADVANTAGE - The reactions provide nitroxyalkylesters of 2-(S)-(6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)-propanoic acid in higher enantiomeric excess and in higher yield than previous methods through the use of inorganic bases.

Dwg.0/0

FILE SEGMENT: CPI

FIELD AVAILABILITY: AB; DCN

MANUAL CODES: CPI: B10-C04B; B10-G02; B10-G03

=> b home

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:32:09 ON 16 JUN 2005

=>